

CSci 127: Introduction to Computer Science



hunter.cuny.edu/csci

Frequently Asked Questions

From email

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- **Do I have to take the final?**
*Yes, you must to pass the final (60 out of 100 points) to the pass the class.
Please review the grading policy on the course syllabus:
<https://huntercsci127.github.io/summer21/syl.html>*

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- **Can I take the course Credit/No Credit?**
*Yes, but check with your advisor that it is possible with your major and standing.
Learn more about it here:
<http://catalog.hunter.cuny.edu/content.php?catoid=43&navoid=13649>*

Today's Topics



- More on Functions
- Recap: Open Data
- Top Down Design
- Design Challenge

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Recap: Input Parameters & Return Values

- Functions can have **input parameters**.

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    total = 0  
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Formal Parameters

Actual Parameters

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- The “placeholders” in the function definition: **formal parameters**.
- The ones in the function call: **actual parameters**.
- Functions can also **return values** to where it was called.

Challenge:

- What are the formal parameters? What is returned?

```
def enigma1(x,y,z):  
    if x == len(y):  
        return(z)  
    elif x < len(y):  
        return(y[0:x])  
    else:  
        s = cont1(z)  
        return(s+y)
```

(a) enigma1(7,"caramel","dulce de leche")

(b) enigma1(3,"cupcake","vanilla")

(c) enigma1(10,"pie","nomel")

```
def cont1(st):  
    r = ""  
    for i in range(len(st)-1,-1,-1):  
        r = r + st[i]  
    return(r)
```

Return:

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Python Tutor

```
def enigma1(x,y,z):
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    else:
        a = cont1(x)
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(Demo with pythonTutor)

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- All the commands inside the function are performed on the copies.
- The actual parameters do not change.

Input Parameters

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- The copies are discarded when the function is done.
- The time a variable exists is called its **scope**.

Input Parameters: What about Lists?

- When called, the actual parameter values are copied to the formal parameters.

```
#Fall 2013 Final Exam, 5
```

```
def kuwae( inLst ):  
    tot = 1  
    for item in inLst:  
        tot = tot * item  
    return tot  
  
def foo( inLst ):  
    if ( inLst[-1] > inLst[0] ):  
        return kuwae( inLst )  
    else:  
        return -1  
  
foo( [2, 4, 6, 8] )  
  
foo( [4002, 328, 457, 1] )
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Input Parameters: What about Lists?

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- When called, the actual parameter values are copied to the formal parameters.
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- The address of the list, but not the individual elements.
- The actual parameters do not change, but the inside elements might.
- Easier to see with a demo.

Python Tutor

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```
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(Demo with pythonTutor)

Challenge:

Predict what the code will do:

```
#CSci 127 Teaching Staff
#Triangles two ways...
import turtle

def setUp(t, dist, col):
    t.penup()
    t.forward(dist)
    t.pendown()
    t.color(col)

def nestedTriangle(t, side):
    if side > 10:
        for i in range(3):
            t.forward(side)
            t.left(120)
            nestedTriangle(t, side/2)

def fractalTriangle(t, side):
    if side > 10:
        for i in range(3):
            t.forward(side)
            t.left(120)
            fractalTriangle(t, side/2)
```

```
def main():
    nessa = turtle.Turtle()
    setUp(nessa, 100, "violet")
    nestedTriangle(nessa, 160)

    frank = turtle.Turtle()
    setUp(frank, -100, "red")
    fractalTriangle(frank, 160)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

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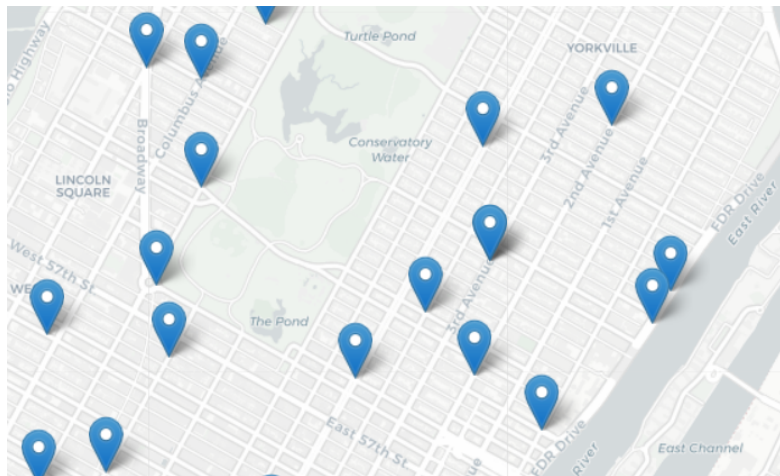
(Demo with IDLE)

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- **Recap: Open Data**
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- Design Challenge

OpenData Design Question



Design an algorithm that finds the closest collision.

OpenData Design Question

Design an algorithm that uses NYC OpenData collision data and computes the closest collision to the location the user provides.

How to approach this:

- Create a “To Do” list of what your program has to accomplish.
- Read through the problem, and break it into “To Do” items.
- Don’t worry if you don’t know how to do all the items you write down.
- Example:
 - ① Find data set (great place to look: NYC OpenData).
 - ② Ask user for current location.
 - ③ Open up the CSV file.
 - ④ Check distance to each to user’s location.
 - ⑤ Print the location with the smallest distance.

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- Let’s use function names as placeholders for the ones we’re unsure...

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```

- 5 Print the location with the smallest distance.

```
print("The closest is at lat:", lat, "and lon:", lon)
```

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- Design Challenge

Top-Down Design

- The last example demonstrates **top-down design**: breaking into subproblems, and implementing each part separately.



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 - ▶ Break the problem into tasks for a “To Do” list.



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 - ▶ Break the problem into tasks for a “To Do” list.
 - ▶ Translate list into function names & inputs/returns.
 - ▶ Implement the functions, one-by-one.

Top-Down Design



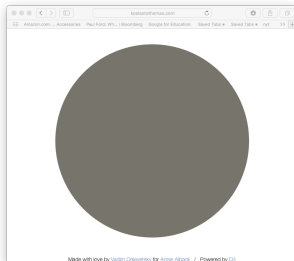
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- Excellent approach since you can then test each part separately before adding it to a large program.

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 - ▶ Break the problem into tasks for a “To Do” list.
 - ▶ Translate list into function names & inputs/returns.
 - ▶ Implement the functions, one-by-one.
- Excellent approach since you can then test each part separately before adding it to a large program.
- Very common when working with a team: each has their own functions to implement and maintain.

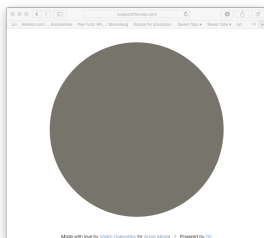
Challenge:



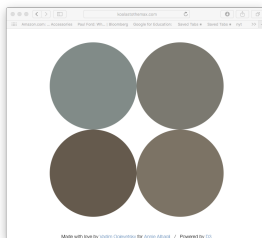
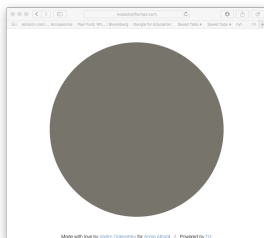
`http://koalastothemax.com`

- Top-down design puzzle:
 - ▶ What does koalastomax do?
 - ▶ What does each circle represent?
- Write a high-level design for it.
- Translate into code with function calls.

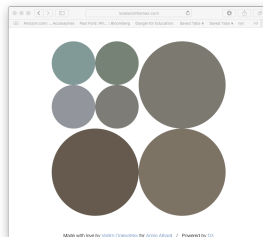
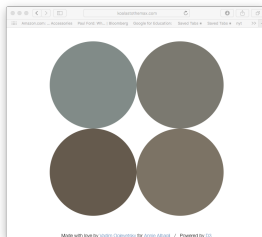
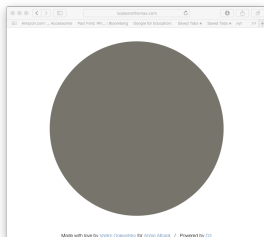
Demo



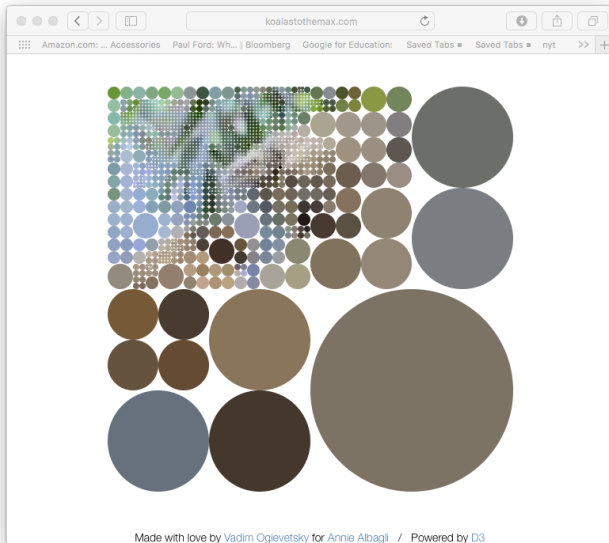
Demo



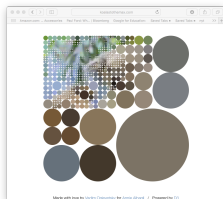
Demo



Demo

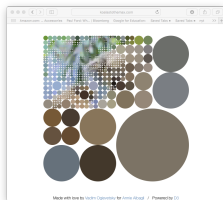


Design: Koalas to the Max



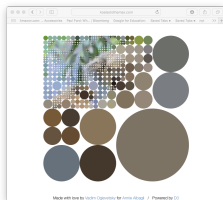
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements

Design: Koalas to the Max



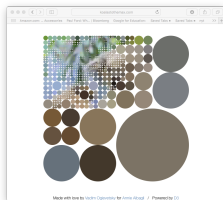
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image

Design: Koalas to the Max



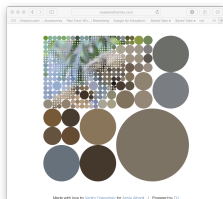
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image
- **Design:**

Design: Koalas to the Max



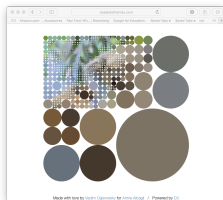
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image
- **Design:**
 - ▶ Every mouse movement,

Design: Koalas to the Max



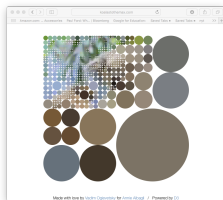
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image
- **Design:**
 - ▶ Every mouse movement,
 - ▶ Divide the region into 4 quarters.

Design: Koalas to the Max



- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image
- **Design:**
 - ▶ Every mouse movement,
 - ▶ Divide the region into 4 quarters.
 - ▶ Average the color of each quarter.

Design: Koalas to the Max



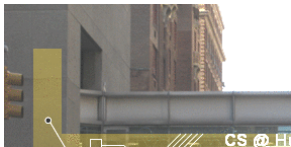
- **Input:** Image & mouse movements
- **Output:** Completed image
- **Design:**
 - ▶ Every mouse movement,
 - ▶ Divide the region into 4 quarters.
 - ▶ Average the color of each quarter.
 - ▶ Set each quarter to its average.

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:

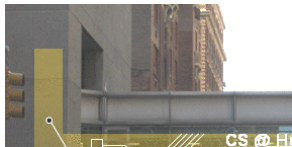
Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:



Averaging numpy arrays

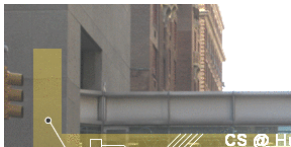
- Average each color channel of the image:



```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])
```


Averaging numpy arrays

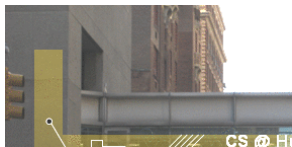
- Average each color channel of the image:



```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
greenAve = np.average(region[:, :, 1])
```

Averaging numpy arrays

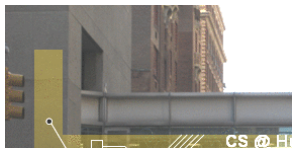
- Average each color channel of the image:



```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
greenAve = np.average(region[:, :, 1])  
blueAve = np.average(region[:, :, 2])
```

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:

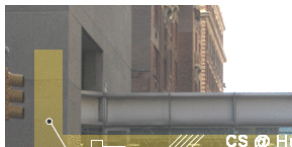


```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
greenAve = np.average(region[:, :, 1])  
blueAve = np.average(region[:, :, 2])
```

- Set each pixel to the average value:

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:



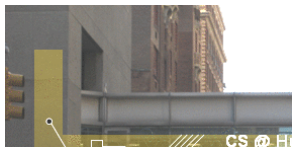
```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
greenAve = np.average(region[:, :, 1])  
blueAve = np.average(region[:, :, 2])
```

- Set each pixel to the average value:

```
region[:, :, 0] = redAve
```

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:



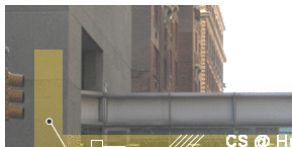
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redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
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blueAve = np.average(region[:, :, 2])
```

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region[:, :, 0] = redAve  
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```

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:



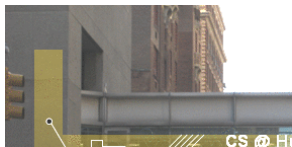
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redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
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```

Averaging numpy arrays

- Average each color channel of the image:



```
redAve = np.average(region[:, :, 0])  
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```

- Set each pixel to the average value:

```
region[:, :, 0] = redAve  
region[:, :, 1] = greenAve  
region[:, :, 2] = blueAve
```



Today's Topics



- More on Functions
- Recap: Open Data
- Top Down Design
- **Design Challenge**

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting Type	# of Positions	Business Title	Civil Service Title	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-time	Salary
246814	DEPT OF INFO	External	1	Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure D	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	
246814	DEPT OF INFO	Internal	1	Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure D	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	
247320	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	2	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	
247320	DEPT OF ENVI	External	2	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	
269885	DEPT OF ENVI	External	1	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	
269885	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	1	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	
285120	NYC HOUSING	External	1	Deputy Director for Engineering	ADMINISTRA	10015	M3	Engineering,	P	
285120	NYC HOUSING	Internal	1	Deputy Director for Engineering	ADMINISTRA	10015	M3	Engineering,	P	
287202	DEPT OF ENVI	External	4	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	
287202	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	4	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering,	F	

(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

Find all current city job postings for internship positions.

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T #	Business Title	Civil Service	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-	Salary Range	Salary Range
246814	DEPT OF INFC	External	1 Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	DIS	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0 Information	F	100000	130000
246814	DEPT OF INFC	Internal	1 Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	DIS	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0 Information	F	100000	130000
247320	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	2 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	
247320	DEPT OF ENVI	External	2 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	
269885	DEPT OF ENVI	External	1 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	
269885	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	1 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	
285120	NYC HOUSING	External	1 Deputy Director for Engineering	ADMINISTRA	10015 M3	Engineering	P	115000	130000	
285120	NYC HOUSING	Internal	1 Deputy Director for Engineering	ADMINISTRA	10015 M3	Engineering	P	115000	130000	
287202	DEPT OF ENVI	External	4 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	
287202	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	4 MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0 Engineering	F	52000	52000	

(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T	#	Business Title	Civil Service	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-	Salary Range	Salary Range	
246814	DEPT OF INFC	External	1	Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	DIS	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	100000	130000
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247320	DEPT OF ENVI	Internal	2	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering	F	52000	52000	
247320	DEPT OF ENVI	External	2	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING INTERN	MECHANICA	20403	0	Engineering	F	52000	52000	
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(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.
- **Output:** A list of internships offered by the city.

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T #	Business Title	Civil Service	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-T	Salary Range	Salary Range
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(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.
- **Output:** A list of internships offered by the city.
- **Process:**

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T	# O	Business Title	Civil Service	Title Cod	Level	Job Category	Full-	Salary Range	Salary Range
246814	DEPT OF INFC	External	1	Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	100000	130000
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(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.
- **Output:** A list of internships offered by the city.
- **Process:**
 - ① Open the file.

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T #	O Business Title	Civil Service	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-	Salary Range	Salary Range
246814	DEPT OF INFC	External	1 Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	100000	130000
246814	DEPT OF INFC	Internal	1 Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0	Information	F	100000	130000
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(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.
- **Output:** A list of internships offered by the city.
- **Process:**
 - ① Open the file.
 - ② Select the rows that have “intern” in the business title.

Design Challenge

Job ID	Agency	Posting T #	Business Title	Civil Service	Title Code	Level	Job Category	Full-	Salary Range	Salary Range
246814	DEPT OF INFC	External	1 Senior Architect Cloud Infrastructure	DIS	SENIOR IT AF	6800	0 Information	F	100000	130000
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(data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/NYC-Jobs/kpav-sd4t)

- **Input:** CSV file from NYC OpenData.
- **Output:** A list of internships offered by the city.
- **Process:**
 - ① Open the file.
 - ② Select the rows that have “intern” in the business title.
 - ③ Print out those rows.

Recap

- Functions are a way to break code into pieces, that can be easily reused.

```
#Name:  your name here
#Date:  October 2017
#This program, uses functions,
#    says hello to the world!

def main():
    print("Hello, World!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```


Recap

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- Functions can have **input parameters** that bring information into the function,

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- Functions are a way to break code into pieces, that can be easily reused.
- Functions can have **input parameters** that bring information into the function,
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- Top-down design: breaking into subproblems, and implementing each part separately.

Recap

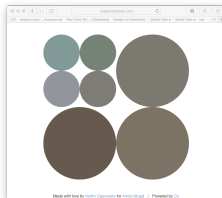
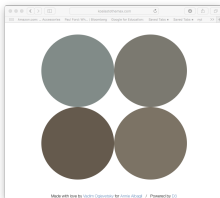
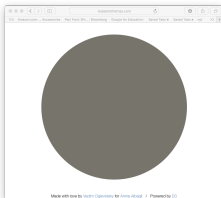
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```

- Functions are a way to break code into pieces, that can be easily reused.
- Functions can have **input parameters** that bring information into the function,
- And **return values** that send information back.
- Top-down design: breaking into subproblems, and implementing each part separately.
- Excellent approach: can then test each part separately before adding it to a large program.

Practice Quiz & Final Questions



- Since you must pass the final exam to pass the course, we end every lecture with final exam review.
- Pull out something to write on (not to be turned in).
- Lightning rounds:
 - ▶ write as much you can for 60 seconds;
 - ▶ followed by answer; and
 - ▶ repeat.
- Past exams are on the webpage (under [Final Exam Information](#)).
- Theme: Functions! Starting with S18, V1, #4a and #4b.

Final Exam: Spring 2018, Version 1, #4a

Name:

EmpID:

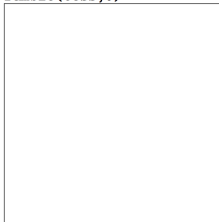
CSci 127 Final, S18, V1

4. (a) Draw the output for the function calls:

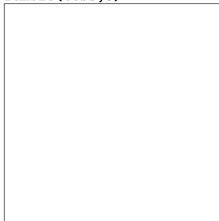
```
import turtle
tess = turtle.Turtle()
tess.shape("turtle")

def ramble(t,side):
    if side == 0:
        t.stamp()
    else:
        for i in range(side):
            t.forward(50)
            t.left(360/side)
```

i. `ramble(tess,0)`



ii. `ramble(tess,6)`



Final Exam: Spring 2018, Version 1, #4a

Name: _____ ExamID: _____ CSci 127 Final, S18, V1

4. (a) Draw the output for the function calls:

```
import turtle
toss = turtle.Turtle()
toss.shape("turtle")

def rambles(sides):
    if sides == 0:
        t.stamp()
    else:
        for i in range(sides):
            t.forward(50)
            t.left(360/sides)
```

i. `rambles(toss,0)`



ii. `rambles(toss,0)`



(Demo with trinket)

Final Exam: Spring 2018, Version 1, #4b

(b) For the following code:

```
def v1(vincent, munem):  
    if vincent + munem > 0:  
        return vincent  
    else:  
        return -1
```

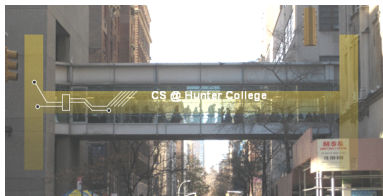
```
def start():  
    panda = 20  
    minh = -30  
    qiuqun = v1(panda,minh)  
    return qiuqun
```

i. What are the formal parameters for `v1()`:

ii. What are the formal parameters for `start()`:

iii. What does `start()` return:

Reminders!



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