## FINAL EXAM V2 CSCI 127: Introduction to Computer Science Hunter College, City University of New York

May 20, 2024

## **Exam Rules**

- Show all your work. Your grade will be based on the work shown.
- The exam is closed book and closed notes.
- When taking the exam, you may have with you pens, pencils, and an  $8 \ 1/2$ " x 11" piece of paper filled with notes, programs, etc.
- You may not use a computer, calculator, tablet, smart watch, or other electronic device.
- Do not open this exam until instructed to do so.

Hunter College regards acts of academic dishonesty (e.g., plagiarism, cheating on examinations, obtaining unfair advantage, and falsification of records and official documents) as serious offenses against the values of intellectual honesty. The College is committed to enforcing the CUNY Policy on Academic Integrity and will pursue cases of academic dishonesty according to the Hunter College Academic Integrity Procedures.

I understand that all cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Dean of Students and will result in sanctions.

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Signature:

If you earn a D in the class and would rather have an F, put an X in this box.  $\Box$  (This will not affect your grade if you earn a C or better.)

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(Image from wikipedia commons)

- 1. (a) What will the following Python code print:
  - i. banana = "CDEfghE123Ehello"
     print(banana.count("e"))
  - ii. B = banana.split("E")
    print(B[-1])
  - iii. low = B[0].lower()
    print(low)

for c in low: iv. print(c.upper())

Output:	

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Output:

(b) Consider the contents of the current directory, Users/Bob:

banana.csv banana.py carrot.csv clementine.py dragonfruit

i. What is the output for:

\$ ls \*c\*

- ii. What is the output for:
  - \$ mv \*.py ./dragonfruit
    \$ mkdir hello
  - \$ ls

iii. What is the output for:

\$ cd ./dragonfruit
\$ pwd

Output:			

**Output:** 

2. Complete the Python program below:

#import the libraries for image processing

#get a number for the color channel from user input

#create an all-black image with a height of 50 and a width of 30

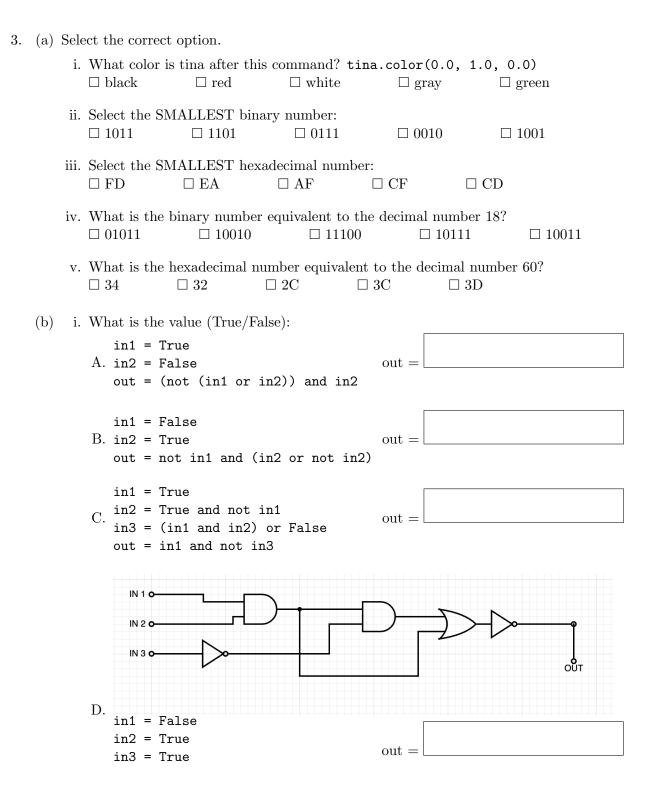
if color > 2:

exit() #exits the program

#else if the color channel is less than 0, exit the program

#else modify the image such that the even rows become the color entered

#save the image in a file called "final.png"



ii. Design a circuit that implements the logical expression:

out = (in1 or not(in2 or in3)) and (in3)

4. (a) Draw the output for the function calls:

```
import turtle
tess = turtle.Turtle()
tess.shape("turtle")

def ramble(t, side):
    if side == 0:
        t.right(90)
        t.forward(50)
        t.stamp()
    else:
        for i in range(side):
            t.forward(50)
            t.left(360/side)
```

i. ramble(tess, 0)

```
ii. ramble(tess, 4)
```

(b) What is the output:

```
#Another mystery program...
def mystery(num):
     send = chr(num)
     if num < ord("e"):</pre>
          send += "X"
     return send
def enigma(letters):
     data = ""
     for x in letters:
          n = ord(x)
          c = "E"
          if n > 101:
            c = mystery(n)
          data += c
     return data
word = input("Enter a word: ")
s = enigma(word)
print(s)
```

- i. When the user enters: cba? Output:
- ii. When the user enters: adult?Output:
- iii. When the user enters: child?

```
Output:
```

5. Fill in the Python program below.

#imports the library for random numbers and the library for turtles

```
colors = ["aliceblue", "burlywood", "cornflowerblue"]
tina = turtle.Turtle()
tina.shape("turtle")
```

#generates a random integer representing the valid indices of the colors array

```
rand_color=
```

#applies that color to the turtle tina.color(colors[rand\_color])

#generates a random integer representing the number of sides for

#a triangle, square, or pentagon

rand\_shape=

#for-loop to draw the shape

#move tina forward 50 steps

#turn tina left the correct number of degrees

6. Consider the following main function that analyzes tree data:

```
import pandas as pd
  def main():
    trees = pd.read_csv("trees.csv")
    avgOak = avgHeight(trees, "Oak")
    topTrees = topK(trees, "circumference")
```

Define the functions below:

```
def avgHeight(data, species):
    """
    Takes a DataFrame and a string as input
    First, group by "Species" then get group species
    Return the average height of the group by using the "Height" column
    """
```

```
def topK(data, colName):
    """
    Takes a DataFrame and a string as input
    Asks the user for an integer value, k
    Returns the top k values in the given column and DataFrame
    """
```

7. Fill in the Python program below that asks the user for the name of a .png (image) file and **turns the top half of the image blue.** The new image should then be displayed to the user.

#get user input
infile =
#read the image file
img =
#get the height of the image
height =
#set the red and green channels to 0.0

#import the libraries for image processing

#set the blue channel to 1.0

#load the image into pyplot

#display the image

8. (a) Consider the following MIPS program:

```
ADDI $s1, $zero, 6
ADD $s2, $s1, $s1
ADDI $s2, $s2, 1
ADDI $s3, $s2, 5
```

After the program runs, what is the value stored in:

i. register \$s1

ii. register \$s2

iii. register \$s3

(b) What is the output for a run of this MIPS program:

**Output:** 

#Loop through five letters: ADDI \$sp, \$sp, -6 # Set up stack ADDI \$t0, \$zero, 80 # Start \$t0 at 80 (P) ADDI \$s2, \$zero, 85 # Use to test when you reach 85 (U) SETUP: SB \$t0, 0(\$sp) # Next letter in \$t0 ADDI \$sp, \$sp, 1 # Increment the stack ADDI \$t0, \$t0, 1 # Increment the letter BEQ \$t0, \$s2, DONE # Jump to done if \$t0 == 85 J SETUP # If not, jump back to SETUP for loop DONE: ADDI \$t0, \$zero, 0 # Null (0) to terminate string # Add null to stack SB \$t0, 0(\$sp) ADDI \$sp, \$sp, -6 # Set up stack to print ADDI \$v0, \$zero, 4 # 4 is for print string ADDI \$a0, \$sp, 0 # Set \$a0 to stack pointer for printing syscall # print to the log

9. Translate the following Python program into a complete C++ program:

```
dividend = float(input("Enter a number: "))
divisor = float(input("Enter a number: "))
while divisor != 0:
    print("The quotient is: ", dividend/divisor)
    divisor = float(input("Enter a number: "))
print("Cannot divide by zero")
```

//include library for input/output and declare namespace

//main function signature

{

//main function body

```
return 0;
```

}

10. (a) Write a complete C++ program that prompts the user to enter a number representing an exam grade. The program should print "Pass" when the value is greater than or equal to 60 and "Fail" otherwise. Validate the user's input so that the number entered is between 0 and 100 inclusive.

//include library for input/output and declare namespace

//main function signature

{

//main function body

return 0;

}

(b) Write a complete C++ program that prints the first 10 numbers of the Fibonacci sequence using a for-loop. Use the following pseudocode to implement your main function:

```
1. Declare three integers: a, b, and c. Initialize a to 0 and b to 1.
```

- 2. Print out a and then b, separated by newline characters
- 3. For i = 2, 3, 4, ..., 9: c = a + b Print c followed by a newline a = b b = c

//include library for input/output and declare namespace

//main function signature

//calculate and print first 10 Fibonacci numbers

return 0;

}