| ROW: | SEAT: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

# Mock Final Exam <br> CSci 127: Introduction to Computer Science Hunter College, City University of New York 

20 December 2021

## Exam Rules

- Show all your work. Your grade will be based on the work shown.
- The exam is closed book and closed notes with the exception of an $81 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 11$ " piece of paper filled with notes, programs, etc.
- When taking the exam, you may have with you pens and pencils, and your note sheet.
- You may not use a computer, calculator, tablet, phone, earbuds, or other electronic device.
- Do not open this exam until instructed to do so.

Hunter College regards acts of academic dishonesty (e.g., plagiarism, cheating on examinations, obtaining unfair advantage, and falsification of records and official documents) as serious offenses against the values of intellectual honesty. The College is committed to enforcing the CUNY Policy on Academic Integrity and will pursue cases of academic dishonesty according to the Hunter College Academic Integrity Procedures.

| I understand that all cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the <br> Dean of Students and will result in sanctions. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name: |  |
| EmpID: |  |

ASCITTABLE

| Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | [NULL] | 32 | 20 | [SPACE] | 64 | 40 | @ | 96 | 60 |  |
| 1 | 1 | [START OF HEADING] | 33 | 21 | ! | 65 | 41 | A | 97 | 61 | a |
| 2 | 2 | [START OF TEXT] | 34 | 22 | " | 66 | 42 | B | 98 | 62 | b |
| 3 | 3 | [END OF TEXT] | 35 | 23 | \# | 67 | 43 | C | 99 | 63 | c |
| 4 | 4 | [END OF TRANSMISSION] | 36 | 24 | \$ | 68 | 44 | D | 100 | 64 | d |
| 5 | 5 | [ENQUIRY] | 37 | 25 | \% | 69 | 45 | E | 101 | 65 | e |
| 6 | 6 | [ACKNOWLEDGE] | 38 | 26 | \& | 70 | 46 | F | 102 | 66 | f |
| 7 | 7 | [BELL] | 39 | 27 | 1 | 71 | 47 | G | 103 | 67 | g |
| 8 | 8 | [BACKSPACE] | 40 | 28 | 1 | 72 | 48 | H | 104 | 68 | h |
| 9 | 9 | [HORIZONTAL TAB] | 41 | 29 | ) | 73 | 49 | 1 | 105 | 69 | i |
| 10 | A | [LINE FEED] | 42 | 2A | * | 74 | 4A | J | 106 | 6A | j |
| 11 | B | [VERTICAL TAB] | 43 | 2B | + | 75 | 4B | K | 107 | 6B | k |
| 12 | C | [FORM FEED] | 44 | 2C | , | 76 | 4C | L | 108 | 6C | I |
| 13 | D | [CARRIAGE RETURN] | 45 | 2D | - | 77 | 4D | M | 109 | 6D | m |
| 14 | E | [SHIFT OUT] | 46 | 2E | , | 78 | 4E | N | 110 | 6E | n |
| 15 | F | [SHIFT IN] | 47 | 2F | 1 | 79 | 4F | 0 | 111 | 6F | o |
| 16 | 10 | [DATA LINK ESCAPE] | 48 | 30 | 0 | 80 | 50 | P | 112 | 70 | p |
| 17 | 11 | [DEVICE CONTROL 1] | 49 | 31 | 1 | 81 | 51 | Q | 113 | 71 | q |
| 18 | 12 | [DEVICE CONTROL 2] | 50 | 32 | 2 | 82 | 52 | R | 114 | 72 |  |
| 19 | 13 | [DEVICE CONTROL 3] | 51 | 33 | 3 | 83 | 53 | S | 115 | 73 | s |
| 20 | 14 | [DEVICE CONTROL 4] | 52 | 34 | 4 | 84 | 54 | T | 116 | 74 | t |
| 21 | 15 | [NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE] | 53 | 35 | 5 | 85 | 55 | U | 117 | 75 | u |
| 22 | 16 | [SYNCHRONOUS IDLE] | 54 | 36 | 6 | 86 | 56 | V | 118 | 76 | v |
| 23 | 17 | [ENG OF TRANS. BLOCK] | 55 | 37 | 7 | 87 | 57 | W | 119 | 77 | w |
| 24 | 18 | [CANCEL] | 56 | 38 | 8 | 88 | 58 | X | 120 | 78 | x |
| 25 | 19 | [END OF MEDIUM] | 57 | 39 | 9 | 89 | 59 | Y | 121 | 79 | y |
| 26 | 1A | [SUBSTITUTE] | 58 | 3A | : | 90 | 5A | Z | 122 | 7A | z |
| 27 | 1B | [ESCAPE] | 59 | 3B | ; | 91 | 5B | [ | 123 | 7B | \{ |
| 28 | 1C | [FILE SEPARATOR] | 60 | 3C | < | 92 | 5 C | 1 | 124 | 7 C | 1 |
| 29 | 1D | [GROUP SEPARATOR] | 61 | 3D | = | 93 | 5D | ] | 125 | 7D | \} |
| 30 | 1E | [RECORD SEPARATOR] | 62 | 3E | > | 94 | 5E | $\wedge$ | 126 | 7E | $\sim$ |
| 31 | $1 F$ | [UNIT SEPARATOR] | 63 | 3F | ? | 95 | 5F | - | 127 | 7F | [DEL] |

1. (a) Fill in the code below to produce the Output on the right:
pioneers = "Lovelace,Ada-Fleming,Williamina-Hopper, Grace"
i.

for n in names:
Output:
ii.


Lovelace
Fleming
Hopper
(b) Consider the following shell commands:
\$ pwd
/usr/student
\$ ls
classes.csv grades.csv hello.py hw60.py
i. What is the output for:
\$ mkdir projects
Output:
\$ mv *py projects
\$ ls $\square$
ii. What is the output for:

> Output:

```
$ cd projects
$ ls | grep hw
```

iii. What is the output for:

```
$ cd ../
$ pwd
```

Output:
$\square$
2. (a) Select the color corresponding to the rgb values below:
i. $\mathrm{rgb}=(255,0,0)$
$\square$ black$\square$ whitegraypurple
ii. $\mathrm{rgb}=$ "\#AB00AB"
$\square$ black
red
$\square$ whitegraypurple
iii. $\mathrm{rgb}=(0.5,0.5,0.5)$blackredwhitegraypurple
iv. What is the 5 -bit binary number equivalent of Decimal 24 ?

Decimal $24=$ Binary $\square$
v. What is the Decimal number equivalent to Hexadecimal 1C?

Hexadecmal 1C = Decimal $\square$
(b) Given the list symbols below, fill in the code to produce the Output on the right:
symbols $=[' * ', ~ ' \# ', ~ '+', ~ ' \$ ', ~ ' \% '] ~] ~$
i.


Output:

```
* # + $ * # + $
```


## Output:

$\%+*$

Output:

3. (a) What is the value (True/False):
in1 = True
i. in2 $=$ True
TrueFalse
out $=$ not (in1 and in2)
in1 = True
ii. in2 $=$ True
out $=$ not (in1 and not in2)
in1 = False
iii. in2 = True
in3 $=$ not in1 and in2
out $=$ not in2 or not in3

iv.
in1 = True
in2 = False
in3 = FalseFalse
(b) Draw a circuit that implements the logical expression:

```
not in1 or not (in1 and in2)
```

(c) Fill in the circuit with the gate-symbol or gate-name that implements the logical expression:

4. Consider the following functions:

```
import numpy as np
def find_all(grid, n):
    for i in range(grid.shape[0]):
        for j in range(grid.shape[1]):
            if compare(grid[i,j], n):
                print(grid[i,j])
```

```
def compare(x, num):
    return x % num == 0
def main():
    table = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4],
                                    [15, 20, 25, 30],
                                    [5, 10, 50, 75]])
    find_all(table, 10)
```

(a) What are the formal parameters for compare()? $\square$
$\square$
(b) What are the actual parameters for find_all()?
(c) How many calls are made to compare() after calling main()? $\square$
(d) What is the output after calling main()?

## i. Output:

$\square$
5. Design an algorithm that, given an image, outputs the number of pixels that are considered dark based on some user-provided threshold for darkness.
$\square$

Input: $\square$

Output: $\square$

## Design Pattern:

$\square$ Search$\square$ Find Min
Find Max
$\square$ Find All

Principal Mechanisms (select all that apply):Single Loop}
$\square$ Nested Loop
$\square$ split() $\square$ Conditional (if/else) statement $\square$ Indexing / Slicing

Process (as a concise and precise LIST OF STEPS / pseudocode):
(Assume libraries have already been imported.)
6. Consider the covid_19.csv dataset that reports the number of observed COVID-19 cases in different countries by observation date. A snapshot given in the image below:
covid_19_data

| ObservationDate | Province/State | Country/Region | Last Update | Confirmed | Deaths | Recovered |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Shizuoka | Japan | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 100.0 | 1.0 | 83.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sichuan | Mainland China | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 599.0 | 3.0 | 590.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sicilia | Italy | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 3132.0 | 283.0 | 2695.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sinaloa | Mexico | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 10859.0 | 1739.0 | 8572.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sindh | Pakistan | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 108913.0 | 1888.0 | 70292.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sint Maarten | Netherlands | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 78.0 | 15.0 | 63.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Smolensk Oblast | Russia | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 5262.0 | 83.0 | 3180.0 |
| $07 / 16 / 2020$ | Sonora | Mexico | $2020-07-1704: 34: 50$ | 13315.0 | 1235.0 | 11423.0 |

Fill in the Python program below:
\#Plots number of recovered cases in Italy by observation date \#Import the libraries for data frames and plotting data
$\square$
\#Prompt user for input file name:
$\square$
\#Read input data into data frame:
$\square$
\#Groups the data by Country/Region to extract observations in Italy
$\square$
\#Plot the number of recovered cases over time (observation date)
$\square$
plt.show()
7. Write a complete Python program that prompts the user for the name of a .csv file and the names of latitude and longitude columns and generates an interactive .html map with markers found at each geographical location extrated from the .csv file.

| \#Import the packages for dataframes and for generating html maps |
| :--- |


\#Read the csv file into a dataframe and store it in variable df
$\square$
\#Create a map and store in variable map
$\square$
\#Loop through all the rows in the dataframe, create a marker with \#values found in columns lat and long, add marker to the map
$\square$
\#Save the map to file named map.html
8. (a) What does the MIPS program below print:

## Output:

$\square$
(b) Modify the program to print out 15 consecutive letters in decreasing order ('Z' down to 'L'). Shade in the box for each line that needs to be changed and rewrite the instruction below.ADDI \$sp, \$sp, -8 \# Set up stack

ADDI \$s3, \$zero, 1 \# Store 1 in a registerADDI \$t0, \$zero, 97 \# Set \$t0 at 97 (a)ADDI \$s2, \$zero, 7 \# Use to test when you reach 7

SETUP: SB \$t0, $0(\$ \mathrm{sp})$ \# Next letter in \$t0ADDI \$sp, \$sp, 1 \# Increment the stackSUB \$s2, \$s2, \$s3 \# Decrement the counter by 1ADDI \$t0, \$t0, 1 \# Increment the letterBEQ \$s2, \$zero, DONE \# Jump to DONE if s2 == 0J SETUP \# Else, jump back to SETUPDONE: ADDI \$t0, \$zero, 0 \# Null (0) to terminate stringSB \$t0, O(\$sp) \# Add null to stackADDI \$sp, \$sp, -7 \# Set up stack to printADDI \$v0, \$zero, 4
\# 4 is for print stringADDI \$a0, \$sp, 0
\# Set \$a0 to stack pointersyscall
\# Print to the log
9. Fill in the $\mathrm{C}++$ programs below to produce the Output on the right.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int num = प;
    for(int i = 0; i <=30; प)
        num += 5;
        cout << i << " " << num << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
        double num = 0;
        double tot = 0;
    while ( ) { {
*
```



```
        Output:
        O 10
        1015
        25 20
Input: 5, 3, 2, 1
Output:
Please enter amount
5
Please enter amount
3
Please enter amount
2
    while ( ) { {
    while ( ) { {
    while ( ) { {
    while ( ) { {
Please enter amount
1
The total is }1
}
```

(b)
(a)

```
    #include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(){
```



```
        if(j % 2 == 0)
                cout << "X";
                            XOX
            else
                    cout << "0";
        }
        cout << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

10. (a) Translate the following python program into a complete $\mathbf{C}++$ program:
\#Python Loops
for i in range ( $0,101,25$ ):
print (i+5, i-5)
//include library and namespace
$\square$
//main function signature
$\square$
\{ //loop line
$\square$
//loop body
$\square$
//return
$\square$
\}
(b) Parsec is a unit of distance used in astronomy, equal to 3.26 light years and 30.9 trillion kilometers. One parsec corresponds to the distance at which the mean radius of the earth's orbit subtends an angle of one second of arc.
Write a complete $\mathbf{C}++$ program that asks the user for the number of parsecs and prints the corresponding number of light years and kilometers.
//include library and namespace
$\square$
//main function signature
$\square$
\{
//initialize variables
$\square$
//obtain input
$\square$
//calculate conversions
$\square$
//output conversions
$\square$

## //return

$\square$
\}

