# Final Exam, Version 2 <br> CSci 127: Introduction to Computer Science Hunter College, City University of New York 

21 May 2019

## Exam Rules

- Show all your work. Your grade will be based on the work shown.
- The exam is closed book and closed notes with the exception of an $81 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 11^{\prime \prime}$ piece of paper filled with notes, programs, etc.
- When taking the exam, you may have with you pens and pencils, and your note sheet.
- You may not use a computer, calculator, tablet, phone, or other electronic device.
- Do not open this exam until instructed to do so.

Hunter College regards acts of academic dishonesty (e.g., plagiarism, cheating on examinations, obtaining unfair advantage, and falsification of records and official documents) as serious offenses against the values of intellectual honesty. The College is committed to enforcing the CUNY Policy on Academic Integrity and will pursue cases of academic dishonesty according to the Hunter College Academic Integrity Procedures.

| I understand that all cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the <br> Dean of Students and will result in sanctions.          <br> Name:          <br> EmpID:          |
| :--- |
| Email: |
| Signature: |

ASCITTABLE

| Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | [NULL] | 32 | 20 | [SPACE] | 64 | 40 | @ | 96 | 60 |  |
| 1 | 1 | [START OF HEADING] | 33 | 21 | ! | 65 | 41 | A | 97 | 61 | a |
| 2 | 2 | [START OF TEXT] | 34 | 22 | " | 66 | 42 | B | 98 | 62 | b |
| 3 | 3 | [END OF TEXT] | 35 | 23 | \# | 67 | 43 | C | 99 | 63 | c |
| 4 | 4 | [END OF TRANSMISSION] | 36 | 24 | \$ | 68 | 44 | D | 100 | 64 | d |
| 5 | 5 | [ENQUIRY] | 37 | 25 | \% | 69 | 45 | E | 101 | 65 | e |
| 6 | 6 | [ACKNOWLEDGE] | 38 | 26 | \& | 70 | 46 | F | 102 | 66 | f |
| 7 | 7 | [BELL] | 39 | 27 | 1 | 71 | 47 | G | 103 | 67 | g |
| 8 | 8 | [BACKSPACE] | 40 | 28 | 1 | 72 | 48 | H | 104 | 68 | h |
| 9 | 9 | [HORIZONTAL TAB] | 41 | 29 | ) | 73 | 49 | 1 | 105 | 69 | i |
| 10 | A | [LINE FEED] | 42 | 2A | * | 74 | 4A | J | 106 | 6A | j |
| 11 | B | [VERTICAL TAB] | 43 | 2B | + | 75 | 4B | K | 107 | 6B | k |
| 12 | C | [FORM FEED] | 44 | 2C | , | 76 | 4C | L | 108 | 6C | I |
| 13 | D | [CARRIAGE RETURN] | 45 | 2D | - | 77 | 4D | M | 109 | 6D | m |
| 14 | E | [SHIFT OUT] | 46 | 2E | , | 78 | 4E | N | 110 | 6E | n |
| 15 | F | [SHIFT IN] | 47 | 2F | 1 | 79 | 4F | 0 | 111 | 6F | o |
| 16 | 10 | [DATA LINK ESCAPE] | 48 | 30 | 0 | 80 | 50 | P | 112 | 70 | p |
| 17 | 11 | [DEVICE CONTROL 1] | 49 | 31 | 1 | 81 | 51 | Q | 113 | 71 | q |
| 18 | 12 | [DEVICE CONTROL 2] | 50 | 32 | 2 | 82 | 52 | R | 114 | 72 |  |
| 19 | 13 | [DEVICE CONTROL 3] | 51 | 33 | 3 | 83 | 53 | S | 115 | 73 | s |
| 20 | 14 | [DEVICE CONTROL 4] | 52 | 34 | 4 | 84 | 54 | T | 116 | 74 | t |
| 21 | 15 | [NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE] | 53 | 35 | 5 | 85 | 55 | U | 117 | 75 | u |
| 22 | 16 | [SYNCHRONOUS IDLE] | 54 | 36 | 6 | 86 | 56 | V | 118 | 76 | v |
| 23 | 17 | [ENG OF TRANS. BLOCK] | 55 | 37 | 7 | 87 | 57 | W | 119 | 77 | w |
| 24 | 18 | [CANCEL] | 56 | 38 | 8 | 88 | 58 | X | 120 | 78 | x |
| 25 | 19 | [END OF MEDIUM] | 57 | 39 | 9 | 89 | 59 | Y | 121 | 79 | y |
| 26 | 1A | [SUBSTITUTE] | 58 | 3A | : | 90 | 5A | Z | 122 | 7A | z |
| 27 | 1B | [ESCAPE] | 59 | 3B | ; | 91 | 5B | [ | 123 | 7B | \{ |
| 28 | 1C | [FILE SEPARATOR] | 60 | 3C | < | 92 | 5 C | 1 | 124 | 7 C | 1 |
| 29 | 1D | [GROUP SEPARATOR] | 61 | 3D | = | 93 | 5D | ] | 125 | 7D | \} |
| 30 | 1E | [RECORD SEPARATOR] | 62 | 3E | > | 94 | 5E | $\wedge$ | 126 | 7E | $\sim$ |
| 31 | $1 F$ | [UNIT SEPARATOR] | 63 | 3F | ? | 95 | 5F | - | 127 | 7F | [DEL] |

1. (a) What will the following Python code print:

stops = s.split('\&')
hc = stops[2]
ii. words = hc.split('@')
print(words[0])

## Output:

$\square$

## Output:

for station in stops:
iii. print(station[:2])
(b) Consider the following shell commands:
\$ ls
logo.png map.png payroll.csv prog4.py prog5.py prog6.cpp
i. What is the output for:

```
```

\$ ls *.png

```
```

```
```

\$ ls *.png

```
```


## Output:

ii. What is the output for:

## Output:

```
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { \$ mkdir homework } \\
& \text { \$ ls }
\end{aligned}
\]
$ ls
```

$\square$
iii. What is the output for:

```
```

\$ ls -l | grep "prog" | wc -l

```
```

```
```

\$ ls -l | grep "prog" | wc -l

```
```


## Output:

$\square$
2. (a) For each row below containing a decimal and hexadecimal number, shade the box corresponding to the largest value in the row (or "Equal" if both entries have the same value):

|  | Decimal: | Hexadecimal: | Equal |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a) | $\square 10$ | $\square 10$ | $\square$ Equal |
| b) | $\square 14$ | $\square \mathrm{E}$ | $\square$ Equal |
| c) | $\square 35$ | $\square 20$ | $\square$ Equal |
| d) | $\square 21$ | $\square 15$ | $\square$ Equal |
| e) | $\square 250$ | $\square \mathrm{FF}$ | $\square$ Equal |

(b) Given the function below

```
def binaryStringToDecimal(binString):
    decNum = 0
    for c in binString:
        n = int(c)
        decNum = (decNum * 2) + n
    print(decNum)
```

i. What is the output of binaryStringToDecimal('10')

Output:
$\square$
ii.

What is the output of binaryStringToDecimal('1111')
Output:


What is the output of binaryStringToDecimal('11010')
Output:
$\square$
3. (a) What is the value (True/False):
in1 = True
i. in2 $=$ False $\square$
out $=$ in1 and not (in2)
in1 = False
ii. in2 $=$ False $\square$
out $=$ not in1 and (not in2 or in1)
in1 = False
iii. in2 $=$ True and in1

in3 $=$ in1 and in2
out $=$ $\square$

out $=$ not in1 or in3


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { in1 }=\text { True } \\
& \text { in2 }=\text { False } \\
& \text { in3 }=\text { True }
\end{aligned}
$$


(b) Design a circuit that implements the logical expression:

```
((in1 and in2) and (not in2)) or ((in2 and not in3) or in3)
```

4. (a) Draw the output for the function calls:
```
import turtle
def mystery1(tess, x, y):
    for i in range(2):
        tess.forward(x)
        tess.left(90)
        tess.forward(y)
        tess.left(90)
def mystery2(tina, s):
    mystery1(tina, s, s)
taj = turtle.Turtle()
```

(b) Given the function definitions:
i. What is the output for enigma(5)?
$\qquad$
i. mystery1(taj, 100, 20)

ii. mystery2(taj, 100)


```
def enigma(n): def help(x):
```

def enigma(n): def help(x):
for i in range(n+1):
for i in range(n+1):
help(i)
help(i)
print()
for j in range(x):
for j in range(x):
print((x-j)*2,end=' ')

```
        print((x-j)*2,end=' ')
```

5. Design an algorithm that prints out the number of "HONDA" cars that were issued tickets after a user-specified date from the NYC parking tickets OpenData. Specify the libraries, inputs and outputs for your algorithm and give the design in pseudocode.

| Summons Number | Plate ID | Registration State | Plate Type | Issue Date | Violation Code | Vehicle Body Type | Vehicle Make | Issuing Agency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1452304336 | HDD4487 | NY | PAS | 03/01/2019 | 50 | SUBN | HONDA | P |
| 1452304312 | HLB4369 | NY | PAS | 03/01/2019 | 50 | SDN | NISSA | P |
| 1454397573 | GYC8645 | NY | PAS | 03/03/2019 | 46 | SUBN | FORD | P |
| 1454528242 | 797AD2 | MA | PAS | 03/11/2019 | 21 | SUBN | JEEP | S |
| 1440960963 | HHY4596 | NY | PAS | 03/11/2019 | 21 | SDN | TOYOT | S |
| 1453641105 | HXF9462 | 99 | PAS | 03/14/2019 | 21 | SUBN | TOYOT | S |
| 1449273531 | HPJ5059 | NY | PAS | 03/14/2019 | 14 | SDN | HONDA | P |
| 1434121811 | T772573C | NY | PAS | 03/31/2019 | 19 | SDN | TOYOT | P |
| 1453583476 | XDDY62 | NJ | PAS | 04/03/2019 | 14 | DELV | FUS | P |
| 1453282713 | GVN2523 | NY | PAS | 04/03/2019 | 21 | SUBN | TOYOT | S |
| 1448651736 | HPK2366 | NY | PAS | 04/04/2019 | $48$ | SDN | MITSU | P |

## Libraries:

## Input:

$\square$

Output: $\square$

## Process:

6. Fill in the Python program that will:

- prompt the user for the name of the input file
- prompt the user for the name of the output file
- read the image from the input file into a data frame
- compute the height and width of the image
- extract the top quarter of the image and save it to the output file
\#P6,V2: saves the top quarter of an image
\#Import the libraries for storing and displaying images:
$\square$
\#Prompt user for input file name:
$\square$
\#Prompt user for output file name:
$\square$
\#Read image into a numpy array:
$\square$
\#Compute the height of the image
$\square$
\#Compute the width of the image
$\square$
\# Select top quarter and store in topQuarterImg
$\square$
\#Save the top quarter image
$\square$

7. Complete the following program, based on the payroll dataset in the image below and the comments in the functions:

8. (a) What are the values of register $\$ \mathbf{s} 0$ for the run of this MIPS program:
```
#Sample program that loops down from 100
ADDI $s0, $zero, 100 #set s0 to 100
ADDI $s1, $zero, 20 #use to decrement counter, $s0
ADDI $s2, $zero, 20 #use to compare for branching
AGAIN: SUB $s0, $s0, $s1
BEQ $sO, $s2, DONE
J AGAIN
DONE: #To break out of the loop
```

Values of register \$s0:

(b) Indicate what modifications are needed to the MIPS program (repeated below) so that it decrements by 10 all the way down to 0 (shade in the box for each line that needs to be changed and rewrite the instruction in the space below).ADDI \$s0, \$zero, 100 \#set s0 to 100ADDI \$s1, \$zero, 20 \#use to decrement counter, \$s0ADDI \$s2, \$zero, 20 \#use to compare for branchingAGAIN: SUB \$s0, \$s0, \$s1BEQ \$s0, \$s2, DONEJ AGAINDONE: \#To break out of the loop
9. What is the output of the following $\mathrm{C}++$ programs?
//Quote by George R.R. Martin, A Game of Thrones \#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
\{
cout << "A mind needs books ";
cout << "as \na sword needs ";
(a)

```
    cout << "a whetstone," << endl;
```

    cout << "if it is to keep its edge.";
    return 0;
    \}

## Output:

$\square$

## //More GOT

\#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
\{
int count $=3$;
while (count > 0) \{
(b) cout <<"Winter is coming "; count--;
\}
cout << "! \nNothing burns ";
cout << "like the cold." << endl;
return 0;
\}
//tic tac toe
\#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
\{
int i, j;
for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)
\{
(c)
for ( $\mathrm{j}=0$; $\mathrm{j}<3$; $\mathrm{j}++$ ) if ( $\mathrm{j} \% \mathrm{2}=\mathbf{0}$ ) cout << "X"; else cout << "0";
cout << endl;
\}
return 0;
\}
10. (a) Translate the following program into a complete $C++$ program:

```
#Python Loops, V2:
for i in range(100,0,-10):
    print(i)
```

(b) Write a complete $\mathbf{C}++$ program to compute the ticket price to enter the Metropolitan Museum of Art. Your program must ask the user for their age and print "Child: $\$ 0$ " if the age entered is 12 or less, "Adult: $\$ 25$ " if the age entered is less than 65 , and "Senior: $\$ 17$ " otherwise.

