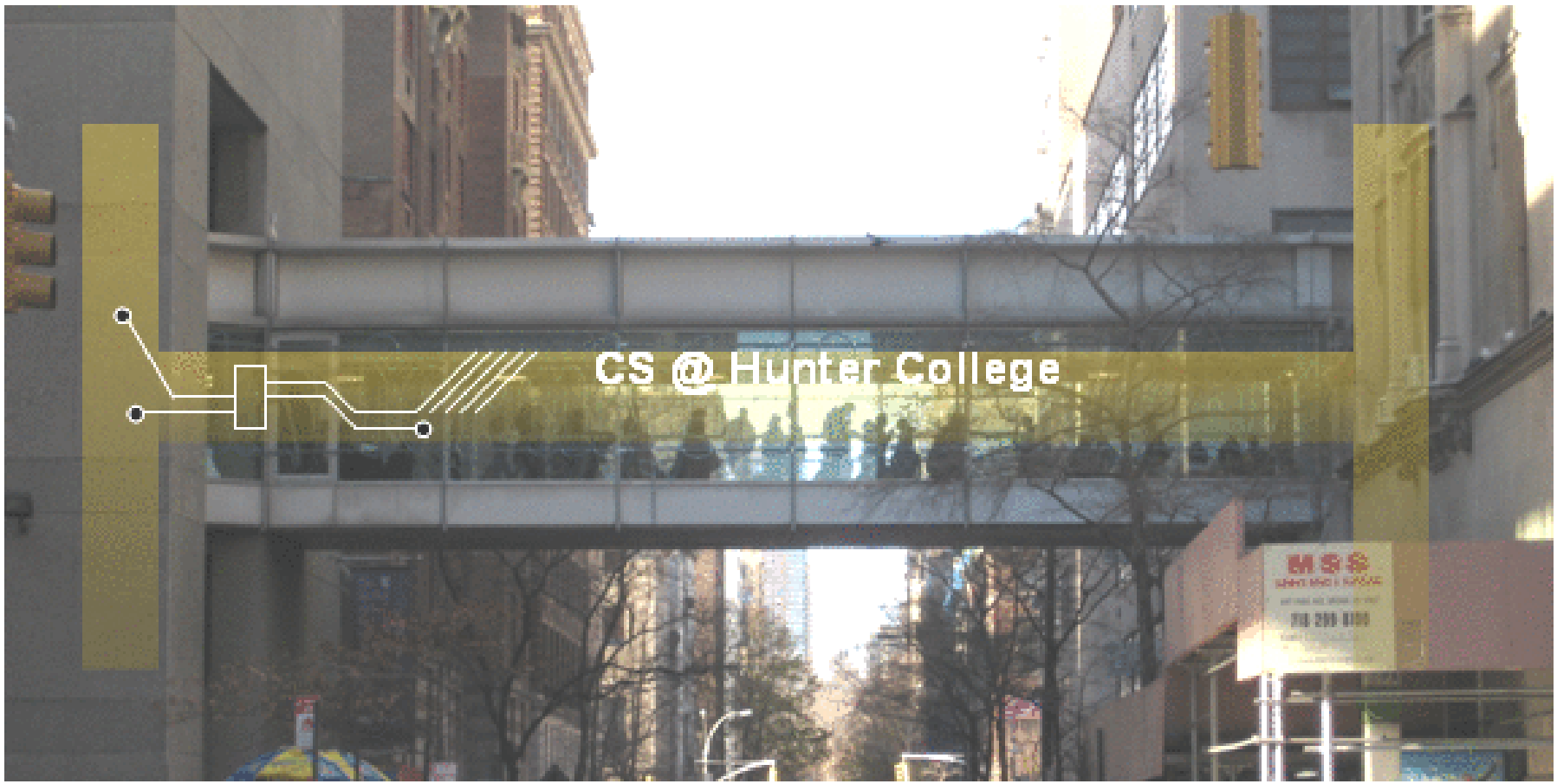
CSci 127: Introduction to Computer Science



hunter.cuny.edu/csci

Today's Topics

- More on Strings
- Arithmetic
- Indexing and Slicing Lists
- Colors & Hexadecimal Notation

Today's Topics

- **More on Strings**
- Arithmetic
- Indexing and Slicing Lists
- Colors & Hexadecimal Notation

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
days = s[7]
days = s[7:15]
days = s[:-1]
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
days = s[7]
days = s[7:15]
days = s[:-1]
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
days = s[7]
days = s[7:15]
days = s[:-1]
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[0]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[0]` is `"F"`.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[1]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[1]` is `"r"`.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[-1]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[-1]` is `"s"`.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[3:6]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[3:6]` is `"day"`.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[:3]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[:3]` is `"Fri"`.

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[:-1]` is

More on Strings: Indexing & Substrings

```
s = "FridaysSaturdaysSundays"
```

- Strings are made up of individual characters (letters, numbers, etc.)
- Useful to be able to refer to pieces of a string, either an individual location or a "substring" of the string.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	...	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
F	r	i	d	a	y	s	S	a	...	S	u	n	d	a	y	s
												...	-4	-3	-2	-1

- `s[:-1]` is `"FridaysSaturdaysSunday"`.
  (no trailing 's' at the end)

Today's Topics

- More on Strings
- **Arithmetic**
- Indexing and Slicing Lists
- Colors & Hexadecimal Notation

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:
  `weeks = totalDays // 7`

15 // 7 = 2

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:
  `weeks = totalDays // 7`
  15 // 7 = 2
- Remainder or Modulus:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:
  `weeks = totalDays // 7` *15 // 7 = 2*
- Remainder or Modulus:
  `days = totalDays % 7` *15 % 7 = 1*

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:
  `weeks = totalDays // 7` *15 // 7 = 2*
- Remainder or Modulus:
  `days = totalDays % 7` *15 % 7 = 1*
- Exponentiation:

Arithmetic

Some arithmetic operators in Python:

- Addition: `sum = sum + 3`
- Subtraction: `amt = amt - item`
- Multiplication: `area = h * w`
- Division: `ave = total / n`
- Floor or Integer Division:
  `weeks = totalDays // 7`
  15 // 7 = 2
- Remainder or Modulus:
  `days = totalDays % 7`
  15 % 7 = 1
- Exponentiation:
  `pop = 2**time`

Side Note: '+' for numbers and strings

- `x = 3 + 5` stores the number 8 in memory location `x`.

Side Note: '+' for numbers and strings

- `x = 3 + 5` stores the number 8 in memory location `x`.
- `x = x + 1` increases `x` by 1.

Side Note: '+' for numbers and strings

- `x = 3 + 5` stores the number 8 in memory location `x`.
- `x = x + 1` increases `x` by 1.
- `s = "hi" + "Mom"` stores `"hiMom"` in memory locations `s`.

Side Note: '+' for numbers and strings

- `x = 3 + 5` stores the number 8 in memory location `x`.
- `x = x + 1` increases `x` by 1.
- `s = "hi" + "Mom"` stores `"hiMom"` in memory locations `s`.
- `s = s + "A"` adds the letter `"A"` to the end of the strings `s`.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.
- If the user enters, 12 and 4.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.
- If the user enters, 12 and 4.
- If the user enters, 8 and 20.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.
- If the user enters, 12 and 4.
- If the user enters, 8 and 20.
- If the user enters, 11 and 1.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 9 and 2.

```
Enter starting time: 9
Enter how long: 2
Your event starts at 9 o'clock.
Your event ends at 11 o'clock.
```

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 12 and 4.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 12 and 4.

```
Enter starting time: 12
Enter how long: 4
Your event starts at 12 o'clock.
Your event ends at 4 o'clock.
```

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 8 and 20.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 8 and 20.

```
Enter starting time: 8
Enter how long: 20
Your event starts at 8 o'clock.
Your event ends at 4 o'clock.
```

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 11 and 1.

Challenge (Group Work):

What does this code do?

```
#Mystery code for lecture 3

startTime = int(input('Enter starting time: '))
duration = int(input('Enter how long: '))

print('Your event starts at', startTime, "o'clock.")

endTime = (startTime+duration)%12
print('Your event ends at', endTime, "o'clock.")
```

In particular, what is printed...

- If the user enters, 11 and 1.

```
Enter starting time: 11
Enter how long: 1
Your event starts at 11 o'clock.
Your event ends at 0 o'clock.
```

Today's Topics

- More on Strings
- Arithmetic
- **Indexing and Slicing Lists**
- Colors & Hexadecimal Notation

Challenge (Group Work):

Mostly review:

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

Python Tutor

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

(Demo with pythonTutor)

Review: range()

The three versions:

Review: `range()`

The three versions:

- `range(stop)`

Review: range()

The three versions:

- `range(stop)`
- `range(start, stop)`

Review: range()

The three versions:

- `range(stop)`
- `range(start, stop)`
- `range(start, stop, step)`

Slices

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

Slices

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

  `s[5:8]`

  gives: `"Uni"`

Slices

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

  `s[5:8]`

  gives: `"Uni"`
- Also works for lists:

Slices

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

  `s[5:8]`

  gives: `"Uni"`
- Also works for lists:

  `names[1:3]`

Slices

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

  `s[5:8]`

  gives: `"Uni"`
- Also works for lists:

  `names[1:3]`

  gives: `["Anna", "Alice"]`

Slices

```
1  for d in range(10, 0, -1):
2      print(d)
3  print("Blast off!")
4
5  for num in range(5,8):
6      print(num, 2*num)
7
8  s = "City University of New York"
9  print(s[3], s[0:3], s[:3])
10 print(s[5:8], s[-1])
11
12 names = ["Eleanor", "Anna", "Alice", "Edith"]
13 for n in names:
14     print(n)
```

- Similar to `range()`, you can take portions or **slices** of lists and strings:

  `s[5:8]`

  gives: `"Uni"`
- Also works for lists:

  `names[1:3]`

  gives: `["Anna", "Alice"]`
- Python also lets you "count backwards": last element has index: `-1`.

Today's Topics

- More on Strings
- Arithmetic
- Indexing and Slicing Lists
- **Colors & Hexadecimal Notation**

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.
- Can specify by numbers:

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.
- Can specify by numbers:
  - Amount of Red, Green, and Blue (RGB).

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.
- Can specify by numbers:
  - Amount of Red, Green, and Blue (RGB).
  - Adding light, not paint:

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.
- Can specify by numbers:
  - Amount of Red, Green, and Blue (RGB).
  - Adding light, not paint:
    - ★ Black: 0% red, 0% green, 0% blue

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by name.
- Can specify by numbers:
  - Amount of Red, Green, and Blue (RGB).
  - Adding light, not paint:
    - ★ Black: 0% red, 0% green, 0% blue
    - ★ White: 100% red, 100% green, 100% blue

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.
  - 8-bit colors: numbers from 0 to 255:

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.
  - 8-bit colors: numbers from 0 to 255:
    e.g. `(0, 255, 0)` is no red, 100% green, and no blue.

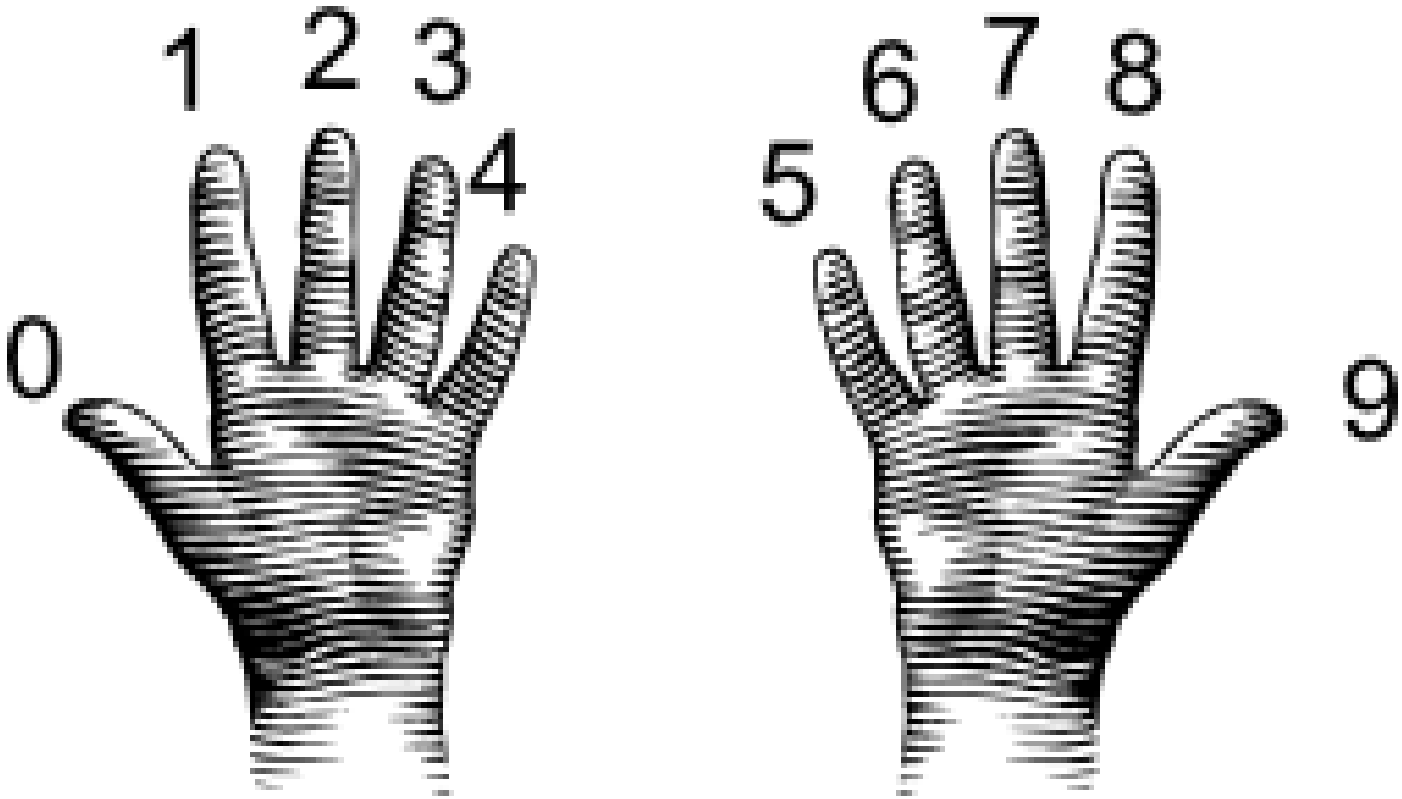
Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.
  - 8-bit colors: numbers from 0 to 255:
    e.g. `(0, 255, 0)` is no red, 100% green, and no blue.
  - Hexcodes (base-16 numbers)...

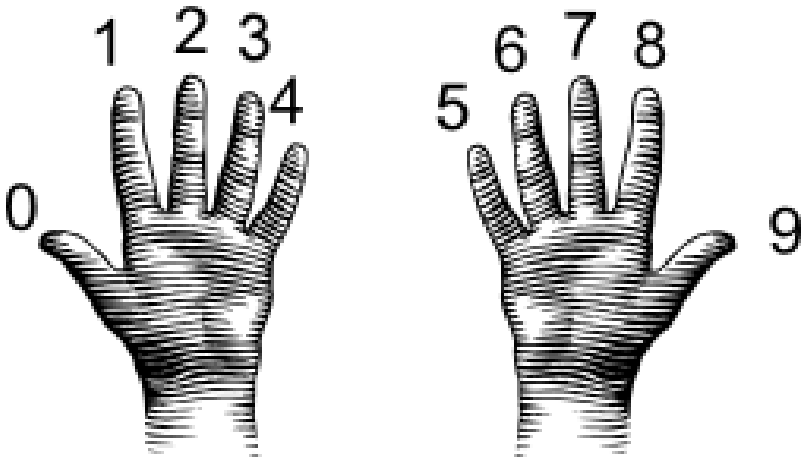
Decimal & Hexadecimal Numbers

Counting with 10 digits:



(from i-programmer.info)

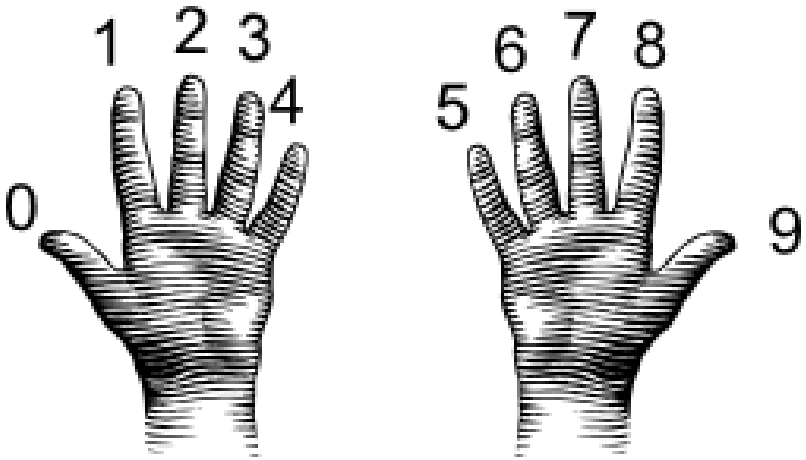
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

Decimal

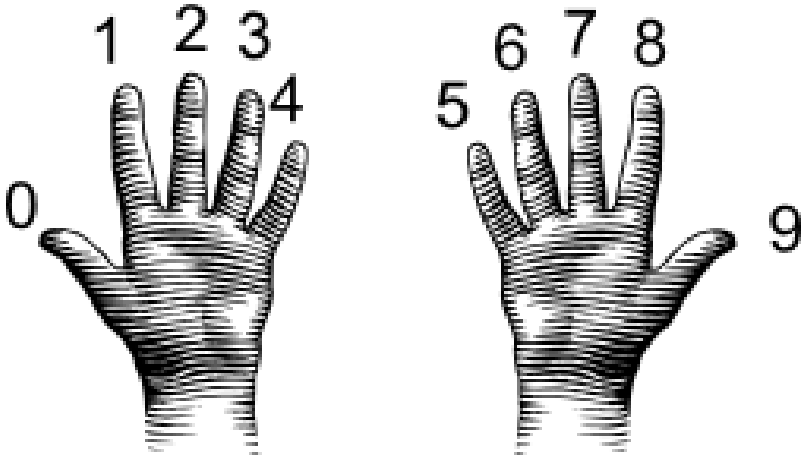
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09



(from i-programmer.info)

Decimal

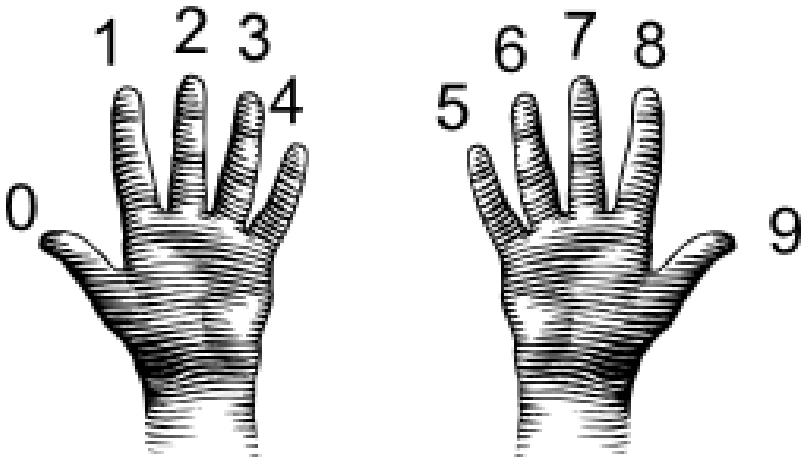
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19



(from i-programmer.info)

Decimal

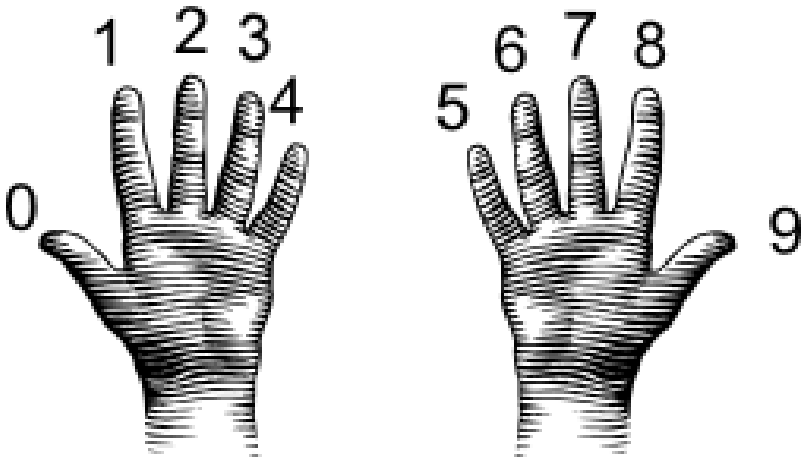
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29



(from i-programmer.info)

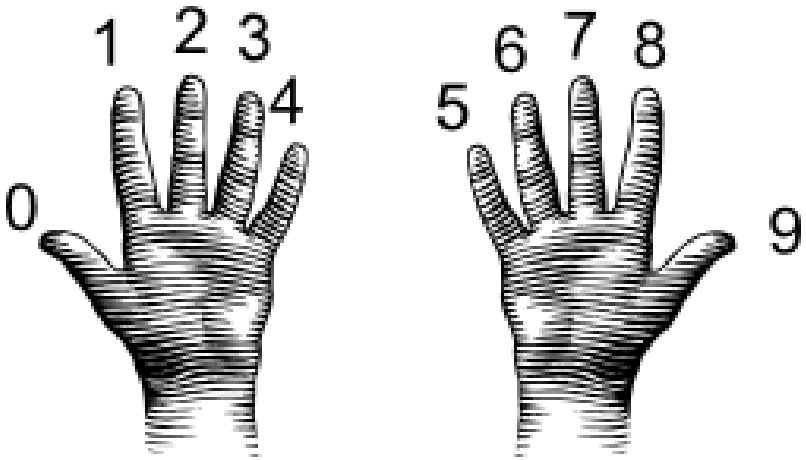
Decimal

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39



(from i-programmer.info)

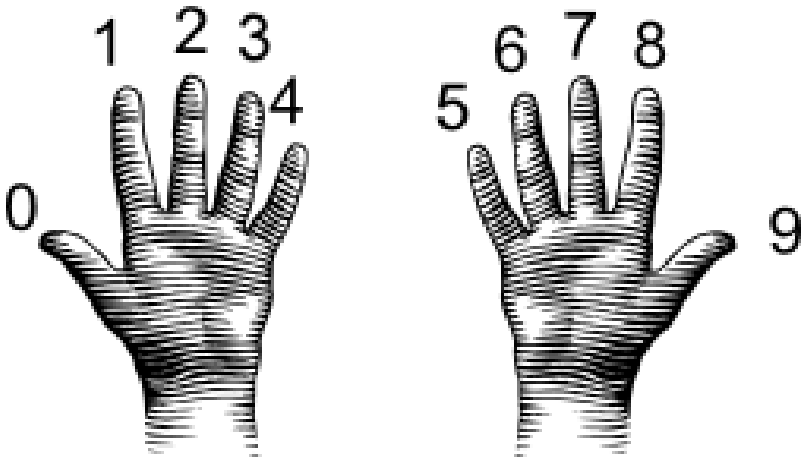
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49

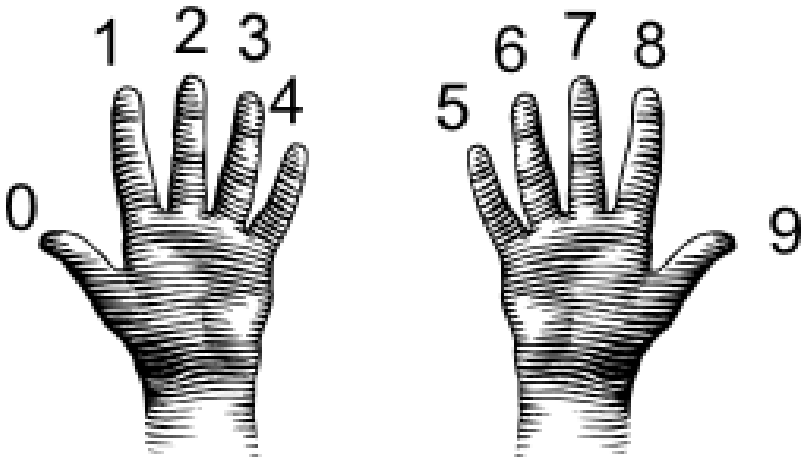
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59

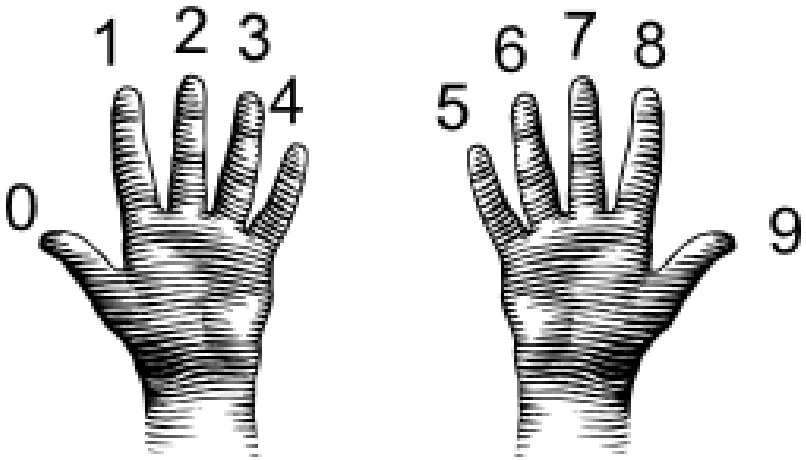
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69

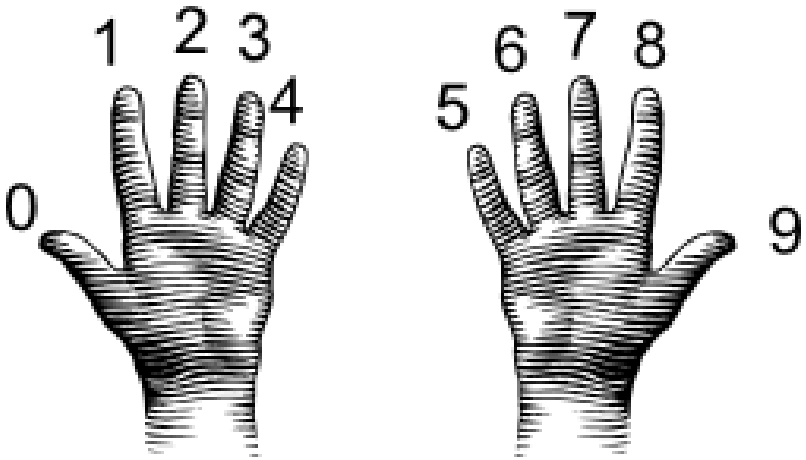
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79

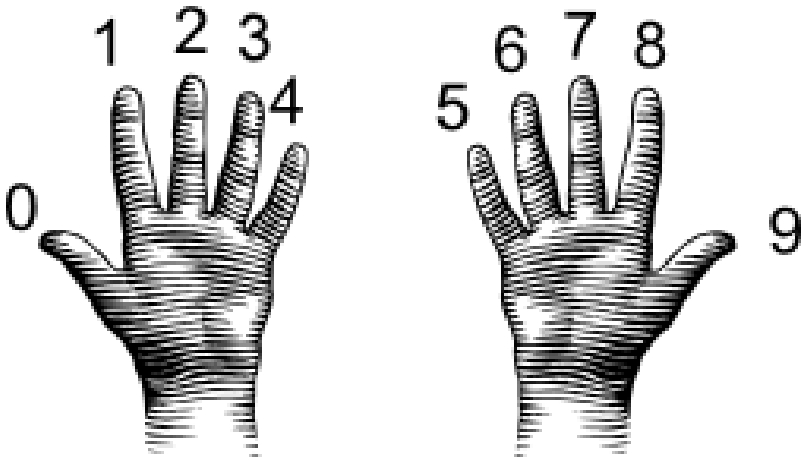
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89

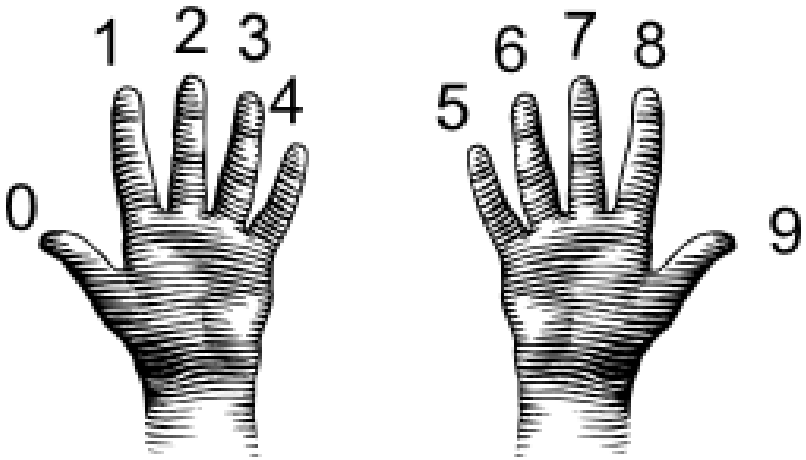
Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

Decimal



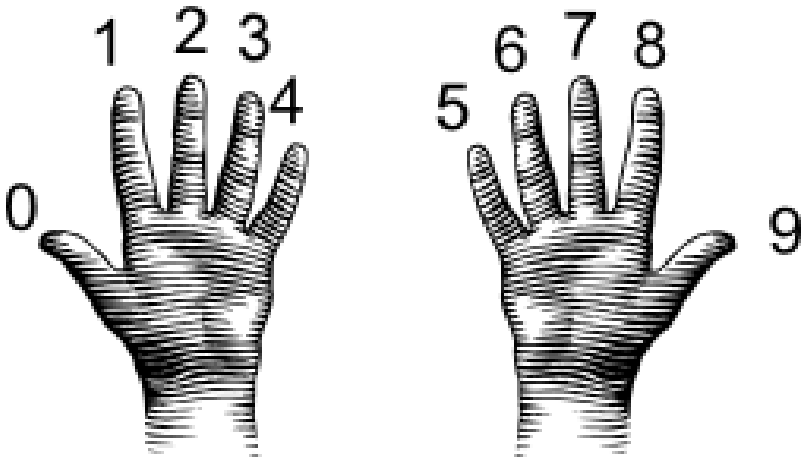
(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

$10^1 + 10^0$

Max Number = 99

Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

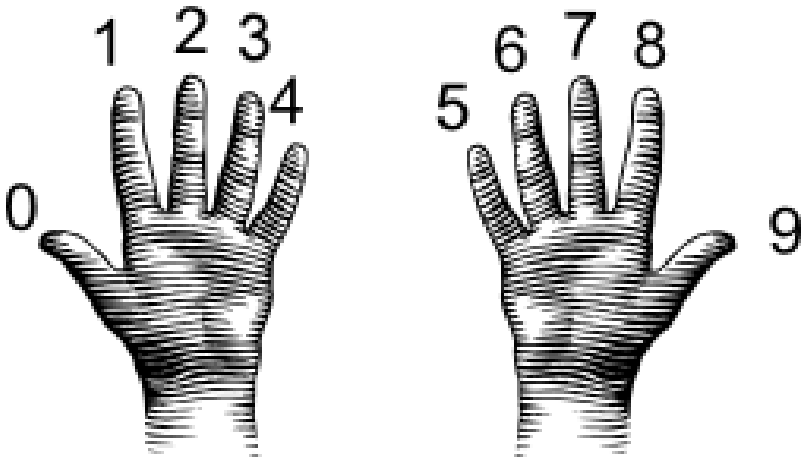
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

$10^1 + 10^0$

Max Number = 99

$$90 = (9 * 10^1) + (0 * 10^0)$$

Decimal



(from i-programmer.info)

00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

$10^1 + 10^0$

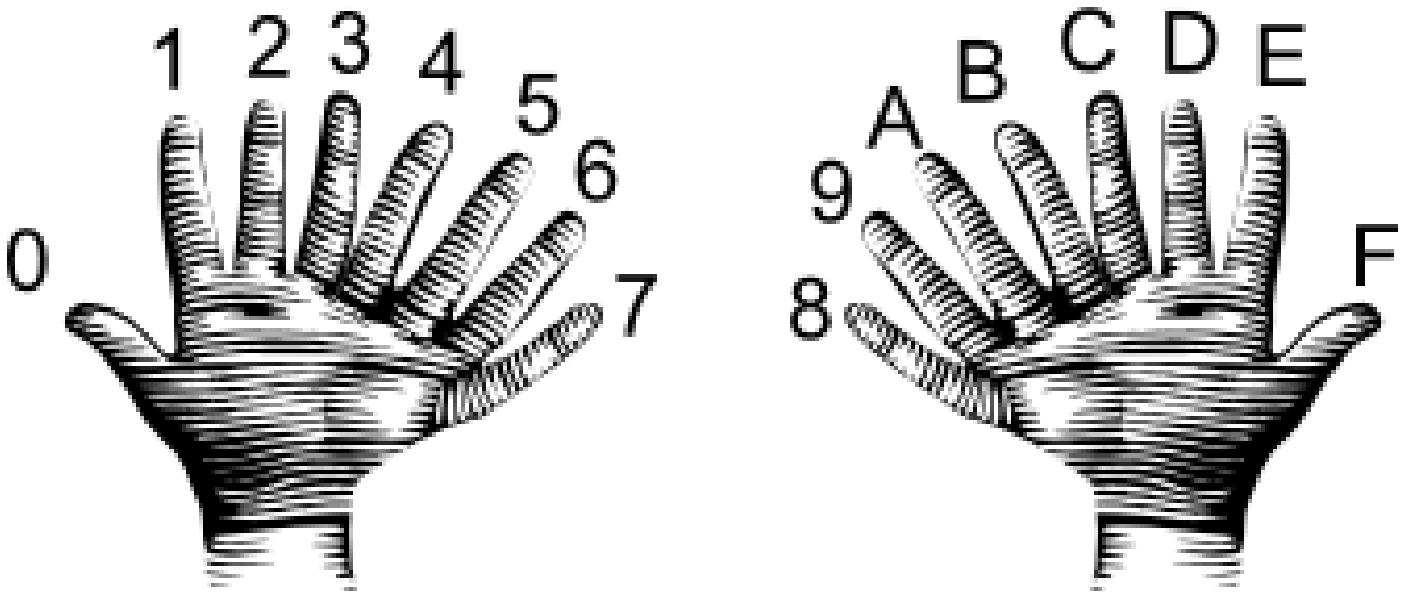
Max Number = 99

$$90 = (9 * 10^1) + (0 * 10^0)$$

$$99 = (9 * 10^1) + (9 * 10^0)$$

Decimal & Hexadecimal Numbers

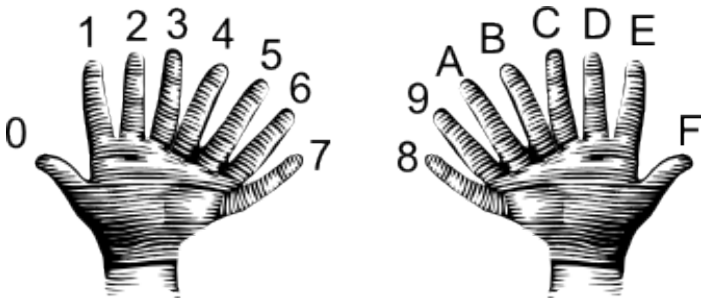
Counting with 16 digits:



(from i-programmer.info)

Hexadecimal

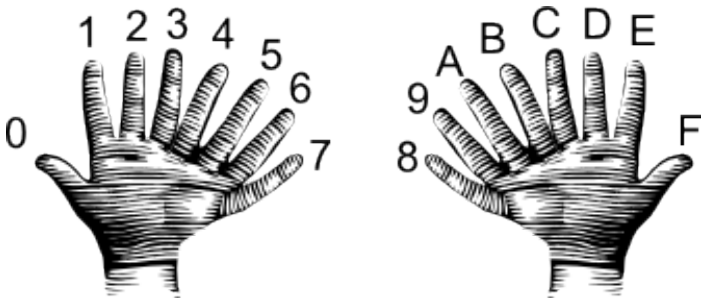
```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
```



(from i-programmer.info)

Hexadecimal

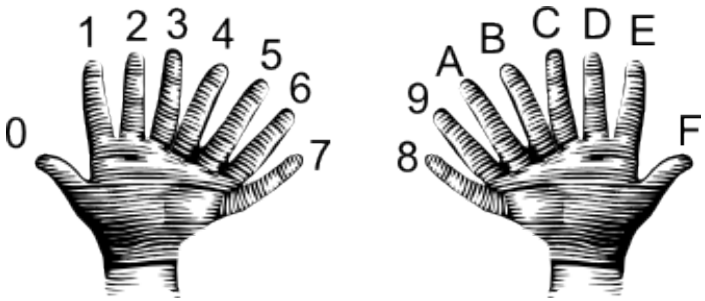
```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
```



(from i-programmer.info)

Hexadecimal

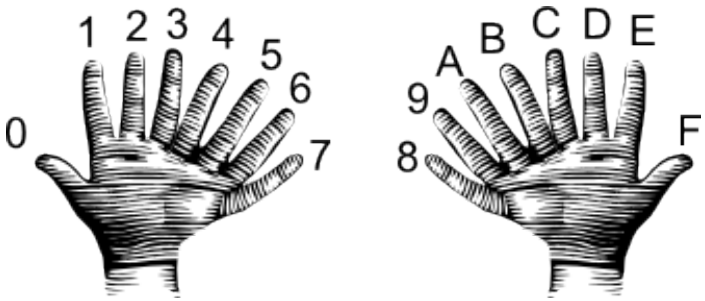
```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
```



(from i-programmer.info)

Hexadecimal

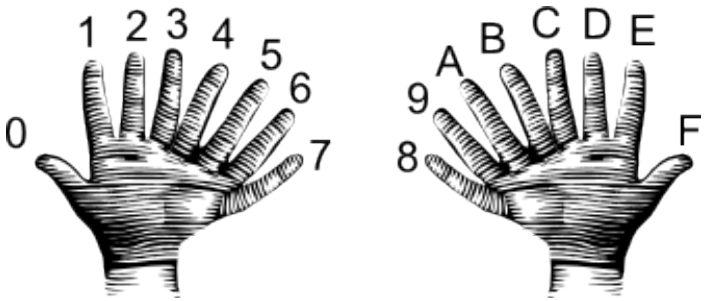
```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
```



(from i-programmer.info)

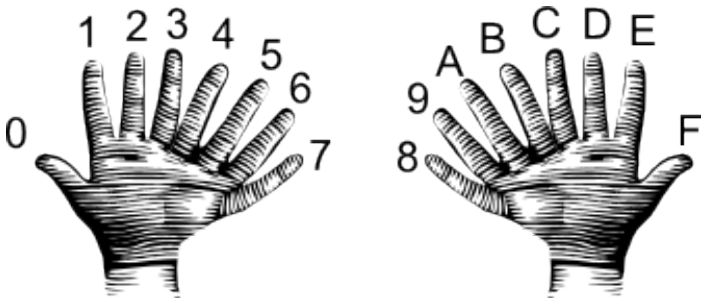
Hexadecimal

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
```



(from i-programmer.info)

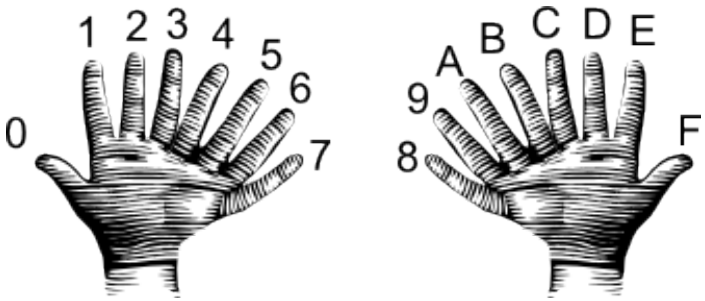
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
```

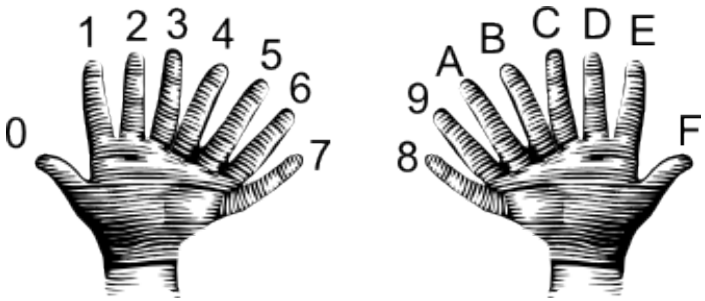
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
```

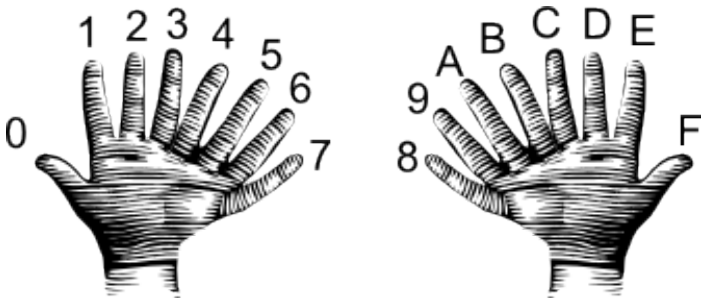
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
```

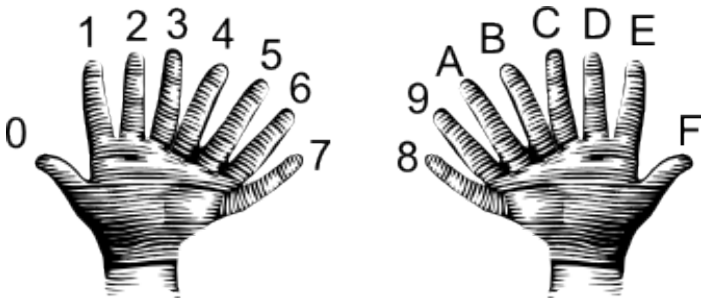
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
```

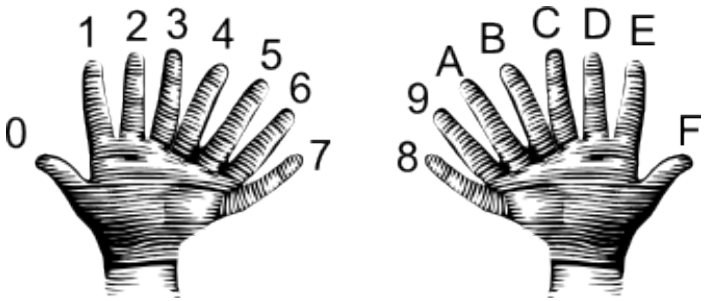
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
```

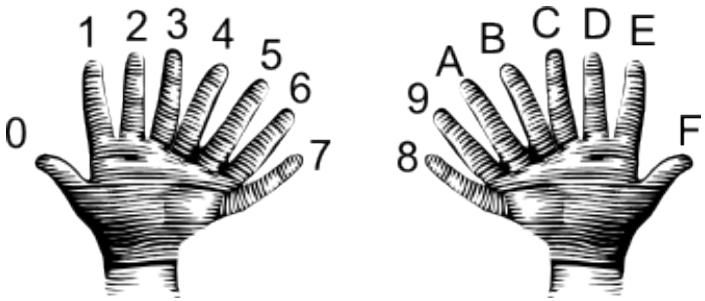
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
```

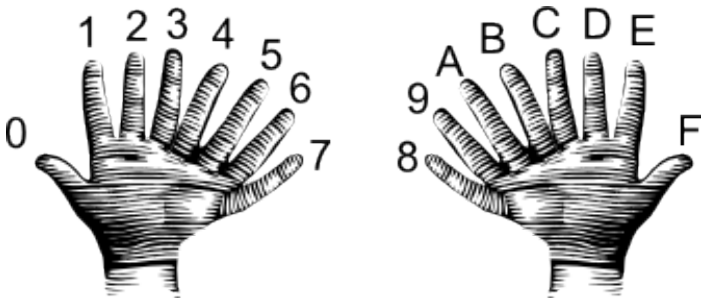
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
```

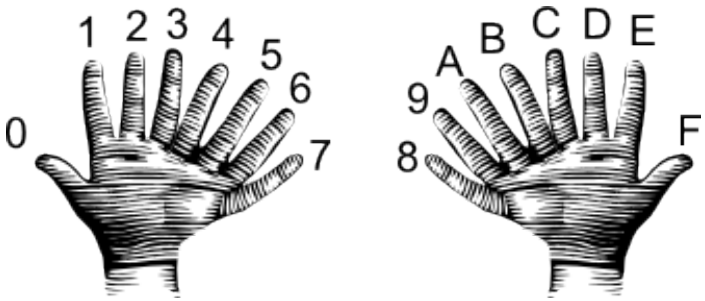
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
```

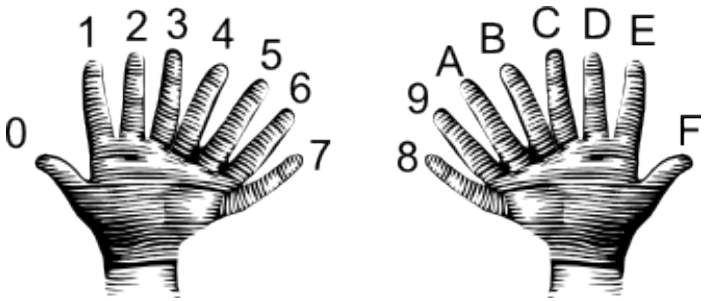
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
```

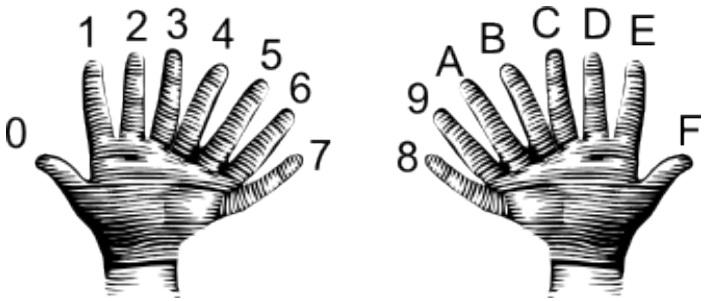
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
```

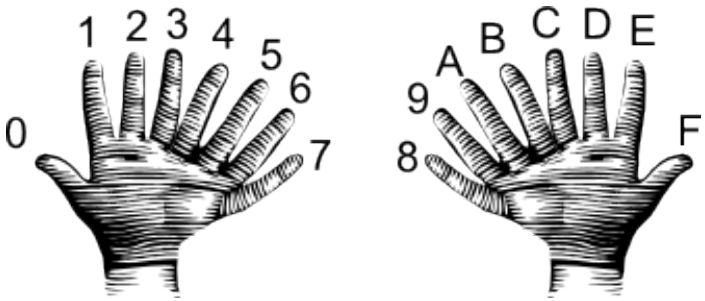
Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

Hexadecimal

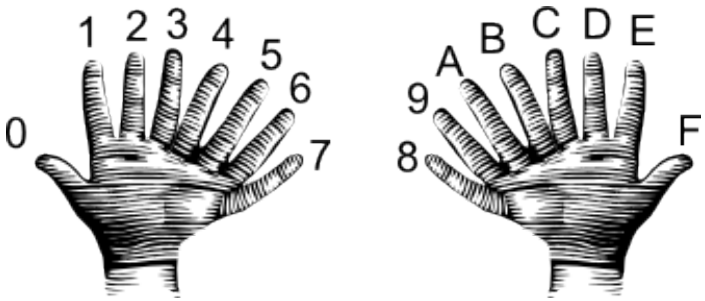


(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

$16^1 + 16^0$

Hexadecimal



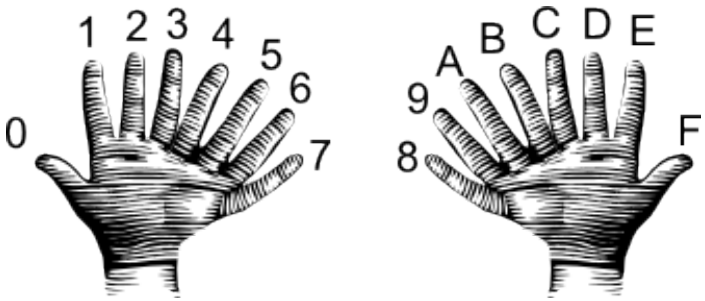
(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

$16^1 + 16^0$

Max Number = 255

Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

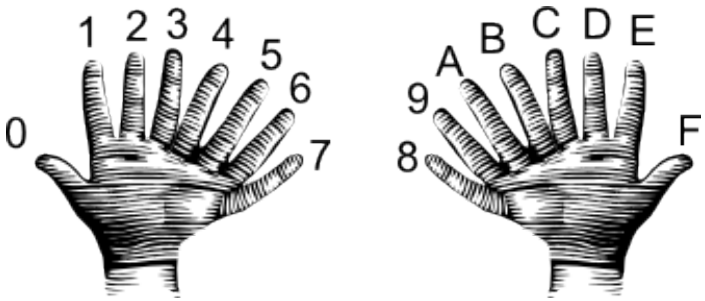
$16^1 + 16^0$

Max Number = 255

$F0 = (F * 16^1) + (0 * 16^0)$

$F0 = (240) + (0) = 240$

Hexadecimal



(from i-programmer.info)

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F
40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F
50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F
70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F
90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F
A0 A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF
B0 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF
C0 C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF
D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
E0 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF
F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

$16^1 + 16^0$

Max Number = 255

$$F0 = (F * 16^1) + (0 * 16^0)$$

$$F0 = (240) + (0) = 240$$

$$FF = (F * 16^1) + (F * 16^0)$$

$$FF = (240) + (15) = 255$$

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.
  - 8-bit colors: numbers from 0 to 255:
    e.g. `(0, 255, 0)` is no red, 100% green, and no blue.
  - Hexcodes (base-16 numbers):

Colors

Color Name	HEX	Color
Black	#000000	
Navy	#000080	
DarkBlue	#00008B	
MediumBlue	#0000CD	
Blue	#0000FF	

- Can specify by numbers (RGB):
  - Fractions of each:
    e.g. `(1.0, 0, 0)` is 100% red, no green, and no blue.
  - 8-bit colors: numbers from 0 to 255:
    e.g. `(0, 255, 0)` is no red, 100% green, and no blue.
  - Hexcodes (base-16 numbers):
    e.g. `#0000FF` is no red, no green, and 100% blue.

Challenge (Group Work):

Some review and some novel challenges:

```
1  import turtle
2  teddy = turtle.Turtle()
3
4  names = ["violet", "purple", "indigo", "lavender"]
5  for c in names:
6    teddy.color(c)
7    teddy.left(60)
8    teddy.forward(40)
9    teddy.dot(10)
10
11 teddy.penup()
12 teddy.forward(100)
13 teddy.pendown()
14
15 hexNames = ["#FF00FF", "#990099", "#550055", "#111111"]
16 for c in hexNames:
17   teddy.color(c)
18   teddy.left(60)
19   teddy.forward(40)
20   teddy.dot(10)
```

Trinkets

```
1  import turtle
2  teddy = turtle.Turtle()
3
4  names = ["violet", "purple", "indigo", "lavender"]
5  for c in names:
6    teddy.color(c)
7    teddy.left(60)
8    teddy.forward(40)
9    teddy.dot(10)
10
11 teddy.penup()
12 teddy.forward(100)
13 teddy.pendown()
14
15 hexNames = ["#FF00FF", "#990099", "#550055", "#111111"]
16 for c in hexNames:
17   teddy.color(c)
18   teddy.left(60)
19   teddy.forward(40)
20   teddy.dot(10)
```

(Demo with `trinkets`)

Recap

- In Python, we introduced:

Recap

- In Python, we introduced:
  - Indexing and Slicing Lists

Recap

- In Python, we introduced:
  - Indexing and Slicing Lists
  - Arithmetic

Recap

- In Python, we introduced:
  - Indexing and Slicing Lists
  - Arithmetic
  - Colors

Recap

- In Python, we introduced:
  - Indexing and Slicing Lists
  - Arithmetic
  - Colors
  - Hexadecimal Notation

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

- Work on this week's Online Lab

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

- Work on this week's Online Lab
- Schedule an appointment to take the Quiz in lab 1001G Hunter North

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

- Work on this week's Online Lab
- Schedule an appointment to take the Quiz in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Schedule an appointment to take the Code Review in lab 1001G Hunter North

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

- Work on this week's Online Lab
- Schedule an appointment to take the Quiz in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Schedule an appointment to take the Code Review in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Submit this week's programming assignments

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

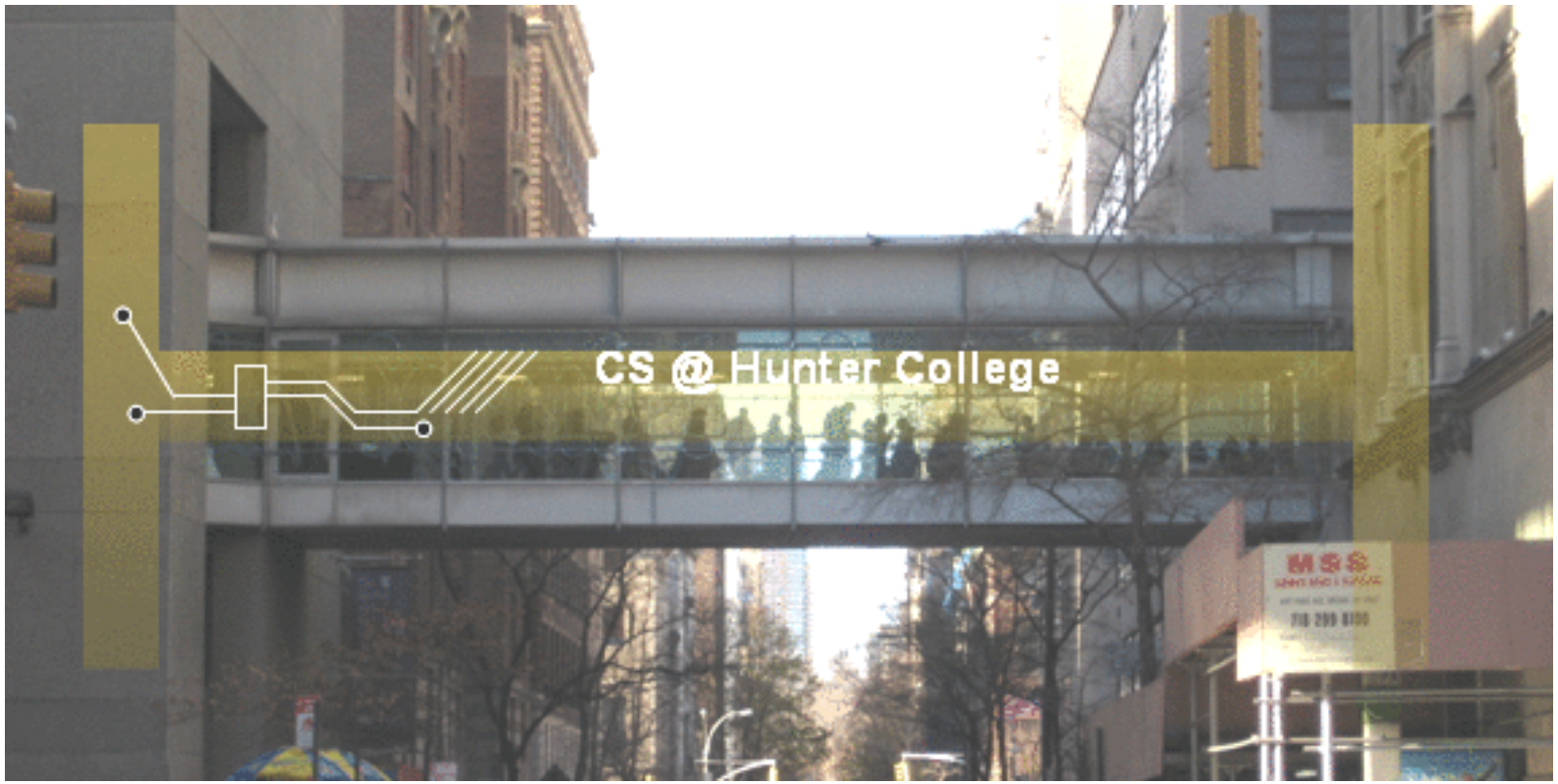
- Work on this week's Online Lab
- Schedule an appointment to take the Quiz in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Schedule an appointment to take the Code Review in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Submit this week's programming assignments
- If you need help, schedule an appointment for Tutoring in lab 1001G 11:30am-5pm

Weekly Reminders!

Before next lecture, don't forget to:

- Work on this week's Online Lab
- Schedule an appointment to take the Quiz in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Schedule an appointment to take the Code Review in lab 1001G Hunter North
- Submit this week's programming assignments
- If you need help, schedule an appointment for Tutoring in lab 1001G 11:30am-5pm
- Take the Lecture Preview on Blackboard on Monday (or no later than 10 am on Tuesday)

Lecture Slips & Writing Boards



- Return writing boards as you leave.